

USER MANUAL

MODEL:

SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher



P/N: 2900-301609 Rev 1 www.kramerav.com

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SWT3-31-HU – Contents

Introduction

Welcome to Kramer Electronics! Since 1981, Kramer Electronics has been providing a world of unique, creative, and affordable solutions to the vast range of problems that confront the video, audio, presentation, and broadcasting professional on a daily basis. In recent years, we have redesigned and upgraded most of our line, making the best even better!

Getting Started

We recommend that you:

- Unpack the equipment carefully and save the original box and packaging materials for possible future shipment.
- Review the contents of this user manual.



Go to www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-31-HU to check for up-to-date user manuals, application programs, and to check if firmware upgrades are available (where appropriate).

Achieving Best Performance

- Use only good quality connection cables (we recommend Kramer high-performance, high-resolution cables) to avoid interference, deterioration in signal quality due to poor matching, and elevated noise levels (often associated with low quality cables).
- Do not secure the cables in tight bundles or roll the slack into tight coils.
- Avoid interference from neighboring electrical appliances that may adversely influence signal quality.
- Position your Kramer SWT3-31-HU away from moisture, excessive sunlight and dust.

Safety Instructions



Caution:

- This equipment is to be used only inside a building. It may only be connected to other equipment that is installed inside a building.
- For products with relay terminals and GPI\O ports, please refer to the permitted rating for an external connection, located next to the terminal or in the User Manual.
- There are no operator serviceable parts inside the unit.



Warning:

- Use only the power cord that is supplied with the unit.
- To ensure continuous risk protection, replace fuses only according to the rating specified on the product label which is located on the bottom of the unit.

Recycling Kramer Products

The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive 2002/96/EC aims to reduce the amount of WEEE sent for disposal to landfill or incineration by requiring it to be collected and recycled. To comply with the WEEE Directive, Kramer Electronics has made arrangements with the European Advanced Recycling Network (EARN) and will cover any costs of treatment, recycling and recovery of waste Kramer Electronics branded equipment on arrival at the EARN facility. For details of Kramer's recycling arrangements in your particular country go to our recycling pages at www.kramerav.com/il/quality/environment.

Overview

Congratulations on purchasing your Kramer SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher. SWT3-31-HU is a high-performance auto-switcher with one USB-C and two HDMI/USB inputs and HDMI output. The connected USB peripherals, such as a room camera and microphone, are switchable for use of the active USB host, for convenient hybrid meeting operation with both room and online participants.

SWT3-31-HU provides exceptional quality, advanced and user-friendly operation, and flexible control.

Exceptional Quality

- Hybrid-meeting Collaborative Switching Controllable coupled-signals switching of both AV and USB host inputs, for concurrent connection with AV output and space USB devices, allows collaborative hybrid meeting where multiple meeting participants are switched to share their content with both room and online meeting participants.
- HDMI Signal Switching 4K60 4:4:4 HDMI resolution and HDCP 2.3 compliant, supporting deep color, x.v.Color™, CEC, HDMI uncompressed audio channels, Dolby TrueHD, DTS-HD, 2K, 4K, and 3D as specified in HDMI 2.0.
- USB 3.1 Switching USB 3.1 signals switching, enables high data-rate connection between active USB host and space USB devices, such as 4K camera, high-quality audio devices, and HID (Human Interface Devices) mouse or keyboard devices.
- HDMI Mirroring Active USB-C or HDMI input signal is mirrored to loop output port for connecting a local monitor or adding an additional unit in a daisy chain.
- I-EDIDPro[™] Kramer Intelligent EDID Processing[™] Intelligent EDID handling, processing and pass-through algorithm that ensures Plug and Play operation.

Advanced and User-friendly Operation

- BYOD Ease and Convenience Connect any DP-Alt-Mode-capable USB-C device as an AV presentation source, while providing the connected device with USB 2.0 and Ethernet connection, and (if PD-2.0-capable) up to 60 watts of power, via a single USB-C cable connection only.
- Auto Switcher Ease of Use Automatically plays signal of the plugged source on the connected display, according to user-configured preferences, such as last-connected input.

- Display Power On/Off Control with Ease: Simply press the DISPLAY ON button to toggle on / off the power of the connected CEC-enabled display. The button's LED indicator shows you whether the display is currently powered on / off.
- Simple Control Remote IP-controller connection, browser operation webpage, local panel buttons, or remotely connected contact-closure buttons, for easy and fully flexible user ports selection, signals routing, and switcher control.
- Comprehensive Management Local panel status LED, remote IP-driven firmware upgrade and management via user-friendly embedded web pages, and remote IP or local serial service and management via API commands and responses communication, for flexible service options and ensure lasting, field proven deployment.

Flexible Connectivity

- Easy Online Meeting System Integrated Connectivity Built-in flexible autodisconnection operation of USB devices, such as room cameras and soundbars, enable detection of BYOD presenter disconnection by online meeting systems for their autoactivation, convenient integration, and ease of end-user operation according to space changing hybrid sessions needs.
- Built-in Intelligent Control Gateway Remote IP-driven intelligent control of connected AV, USB and sensor devices via CEC, RS-232, IR or I/O. Eliminating the need for an external control gateway, this feature reduces installation complexity and costs, to enable easy integration with control systems, such as Kramer Control.
- Secured Network Connection Standard IT-grade 802.1x authentication for secured IT LAN connectivity.
- HDMI Mirroring Active USB-C or HDMI input signal is mirrored to loop output port for connecting a local monitor or adding an additional unit in a daisy chain.
- Audio De-embedding The digital audio signal passing-through to the output, is deembedded, converted to an analog signal and sent to the stereo balanced analog audio output. This enables playing the audio on a locally connected professional audio system (such as DSP) and speakers, in parallel to playing it on the speakers connected to the AV acceptor device (such as TVs with speakers).
- Easy and Elegant Installation PoE powering via LAN port connection, and MegaTOOLS™ fan-less enclosure for dropped-ceiling mounting, or side-by-side mounting of 2 units in a 1U rack space with the recommended rack adapter, for easy switcher deployment.

Typical Applications

SWT3-31-HU is ideal for the following typical applications:

- Enterprise and education hybrid huddle spaces.
- Hybrid user connection element in advanced hybrid meeting solutions.

Controlling your SWT3-31-HU

Control your SWT3-31-HU directly via the front panel push buttons, or:

- Via the IP commands transmitted by a controller and touch screen system, or a browser using built-in user-friendly Web pages.
- By RS-232 serial commands transmitted by a touch screen system, PC, or a serial controller.

Defining SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher

This section defines SWT3-31-HU.

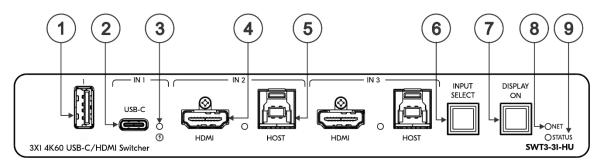


Figure 1: Figure 2: SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature		Function				
1	USB Typ	e A Port	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB PTZ camera).				
2	USB-C IN 1 Port		Connect to a USB-C AV source (that supports DisplayPort Alternate Mode). Charges the connected source (that supports USB Power Delivery 2.0) up to 60W when the device is powered via the power adapter. While charging, the charging icon (to the right of the connector) becomes visible and lights orange.				
(3)	3 IN Status LED 1 to 3 (per input port)		LED Status	Indi	cates		
			Lights blue		n input is selected and connected with an active AV or /+USB source.		
			Flashes blue	An ii	An input is selected and has no active AV signal.		
			Lights blue	1	An input is selected and connected with an active USB host only (no AV).		
			Off	An ii	nput is not selected and has an active AV signal.		
4		HDMI	Connect to an	HDMI	source.		
5	(2 and 3)	HOST USB B 3.1 Connector	Connect to a USB host (for example, a room PC) to communicate with the USB devices (for example, a PTZ camera) connected on this device.				
6	INPUT S	ELECT Button	Press to select an input.				
7	DISPLAY	ON Button			On/Off. sending Display On message. on sending Display Off message.		
8	8 NET LED		LED Status		Indicates		
			Dark		No IP address acquired.		
			Lights green		A valid IP address has been acquired.		
			Flashes green for 60s		A means to identify the device in a system, using command #IDV.		
			Flashes red/green		IP fallback address has been acquired.		
9 STATUS LED		LED	LED Status		Indicates		
			Dark		Power is off		
			lights white		PSU-powered on (only). Note: This is applicable when power supply is PoE mode.		
			Lights blue		Power is on and a source is connected.		
			Lights green		Power is on, and a source and an acceptor are connected.		

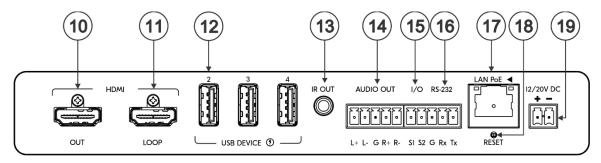


Figure 3: SWT3-31-HU 3x1 4K60 USB-C/HDMI Switcher Front Panel

#	Feature	Function
10	HDMI OUT Connector	Connect to an HDMI acceptor.
11)	HDMI LOOP Connector	Connect to a local acceptor.
12)	USB DEVICE Type A Port (2 to 4)	Connect to the USB local devices (for example, a USB camera, a soundbar, microphone and so on).
13	IR OUT 3.5mm Mini Jack	Outputs an IR signal, per command from LAN-connected controller (for example, from SL-240C), to a connected IR emitter.
14)	AUDIO OUT 5-pin Terminal Block Connector	Connect to a balanced stereo analog audio acceptor.
15	I/O 2-pin Terminal Block (S1 to S2)	Connect to: Input-triggering devices (for example, remote buttons or sensors), OR Output-triggered devices (for example, remote alarm LED indication). These GPIO ports may be configured as a digital input, digital output, or analog input ports.
16)	RS-232 3-pin Terminal Block	Connect to an RS-232 controlled device (for example, the connected PTZ USB camera) to be controlled via an IP-connected controller (for example, SL-240C).
17	LAN PoE RJ-45 Connector	Connect to LAN. The device accepts power from the LAN port.
18	RESET Recessed Button	For restoring factory default settings, press the RESET button and connect power to device (keep pressing longer than 6sec after power connection)
19	12/20V DC Power Connector	Use the included +12V 5A power supply for powering the unit, or a +20V DC 6A power adapter (purchased separately) for powering and charging the source device connected to the USB-C port.

Mounting SWT3-31-HU

This section provides instructions for mounting **SWT3-31-HU**. Before installing, verify that the environment is within the recommended range:



- Operation temperature 0° to 40°C (32 to 104°F).
- Storage temperature -40° to $+70^{\circ}$ C (-40 to $+158^{\circ}$ F).
- Humidity 10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing.



Caution:

• Mount SWT3-31-HU before connecting any cables or power.



Warning:

- Ensure that the environment (e.g., maximum ambient temperature & air flow) is compatible for the device.
- · Avoid uneven mechanical loading.
- Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used for avoiding overloading of the circuits.
- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained.
- Maximum mounting height for the device is 2 meters.

Mount SWT3-31-HU in a rack:

 Use the recommended rack adapter (see www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-31-HU).

Mount SWT3-31-HU on a surface using one of the following methods:

- Attach the rubber feet and place the unit on a flat surface.
- Fasten a bracket (included) on each side of the unit and attach it to a flat surface. For more information go to www.kramerav.com/downloads/SWT3-31-HU.



Connecting SWT3-31-HU

(i)

Always switch off the power to each device before connecting it to your **SWT3-31-HU**. After connecting your **SWT3-31-HU**, connect its power and then switch on the power to each device.

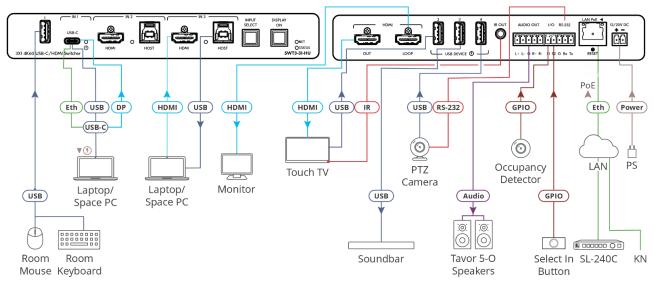


Figure 4: Connecting to the SWT3-31-HU Rear Panel

To connect SWT3-31-HU as illustrated in the example in Figure 4:

- 1. Connect a USB-C source (for example, a laptop that supports Display Port Alternate Mode) to the USB-C IN connector (2).
- 2. Connect a source (for example, a space PC) to the IN 2 HDMI 4 and USB Host 5 connectors. Same for IN 3.
- 3. Connect the HDMI OUT port (10) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a touch TV).
- 3. Connect the HDMI LOOP connector (11) to an HDMI acceptor (for example, a local monitor).
- 5. Connect USB DEVICE ports:
 - Connect the room keyboard and mouse to the USB 1 type A port (1) on the front panel.
 - Connect the touch TV to the USB 2 port (12) on the rear panel.
 - Connect a soundbar to the USB 3 port (12) on the rear panel.
 - Connect a PTZ camera to the USB 4 port (12) on the rear panel.
- 4. To control the touch TV via IR, connect IR OUT 3.5mm mini jack (13) to an IR emitter cable and attach the cable emitter side to the IR sensor of the touch TV.
- 5. To control the PTZ camera, connect the RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector 16 to the PTZ camera.

6. Connect a room controller (for example, the Kramer SL-240C) via LAN to the LAN PoE Ethernet RJ-45 port (17).

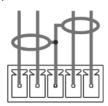
Send from the room controller via LAN:

- IR commands via the room controller to control the smart TV.
- Serial commands to control the camera.
- 7. Connect the AUDIO OUT 5-pin terminal block connector (14) to a balanced stereo audio acceptor (for example, Kramer Tavor 5-O speakers).
- 8. Connect the IO 2-pin terminal block (15):
 - To an occupancy detector.
 - To a selector button.
- 9. Connect LAN connector (17) to IT switch for LAN connection and PoE powering. Optionally, connect the power adapter to SWT3-31-HU (19) and to the mains electricity.

To charge the device that is connected to the USB-C port, you need to use a chargeable power adapter (purchased separately) for powering the SWT3-31-HU switcher.

Connecting the Output to a Balanced/Unbalanced **Stereo Audio Acceptor**

The following are the pinouts for connecting the output to a balanced or unbalanced stereo audio acceptor:



L+ L- G R+ R-

L+ L- G R+ R-

Acceptor

Figure 5: Connecting to a Balanced Stereo Audio Figure 6: Connecting to an Unbalanced Stereo Audio Acceptor

Connecting to SWT3-31-HU via RS-232

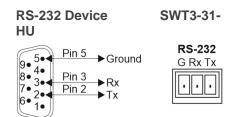
You can connect to SWT3-31-HU via an RS-232 connection (13) using, for example, a PC.

SWT3-31-HU features an RS-232 3-pin terminal block connector allowing the RS-232 to control **SWT3-31-HU**.

Connect the RS-232 terminal block on the rear panel of **SWT3-31-HU** to a PC/controller, as follows:

From the RS-232 9-pin D-sub serial port connect:

- Pin 2 to the TX pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 3 to the RX pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block
- Pin 5 to the G pin on the SWT3-31-HU RS-232 terminal block



Operating and Controlling SWT3-31-HU

Principles of Operation

This section covers the following topics:

- <u>Coupled or Individual AV+USB Switching</u> on page <u>11</u>.
- Flexible SWT3-31-HU Auto Switching Policy on page 11.
- Flexible USB-C Mix of Signals on page 12.
- Online Meeting Systems Integration on page 12.
- Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway on page 13.
- Flexible Remote Buttons Control on page 14.

Coupled or Individual AV+USB Switching

SWT3-31-HU multi-signal switching of any of the inputs to the AV output and connected USB devices, is configurable to use one of the following operation modes:

- USB follows AV coupled routing (1) Selecting an AV input, routes the AV signal to the AV output and connects, in parallel, the input-associated USB host with the connected USB devices.
- USB signal individual routing (1) Selecting an AV input, routes the AV signal to the AV output only. The USB host can be independently selected to connect with the connected USB devices (see Individual USB Host Routing.

See Routing AV and USB Host Signals on page 23.

This is very useful in hybrid sessions, for convenient switching between multiple presenters using either their BYOD laptops and/or connected space PC devices.

Flexible SWT3-31-HU Auto Switching Policy

Set the switching policy to:

- Manual Select an input manually and switching occurs whether a live signal is present on the input or not.
- Auto Auto Switching selection is performed in either Last Connected or Priority policy.

In Last Connected policy, if the signal on the current input is lost, **SWT3-31-HU** automatically selects the last connected input. The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout.

In Priority policy, when the input sync signal is lost for any reason, the input with a live signal and next in priority is selected automatically. The auto-switching delay depends on the configurable signal-lost timeout. Inputs priority is configurable; the default setting is USB-C $1 \rightarrow \text{HDMI } 2 \rightarrow \text{HDMI } 3$.

See Setting the Auto-Switching Policy on page 24



In both Last Connected and Priority modes, manually selecting an input (using the front panel, remote or web UI input select button) overrides automatic selection.

Flexible USB-C Mix of Signals

AV and USB signals mix, and their data rate level, of the USB-C host port, can be flexibly set to either one of:

- High USB 3.0 data rate and lower 4K60 4:2:0 AV resolution mix, or
- High 4K60 4:4:4 AV resolution and lower USB 2.0 data rate mix

See Setting USB-C Host Port Signals Mix on page 32

Online Meeting Systems Integration

USB device ports can be set to auto-disconnect following presenter disconnection, to allow smooth integration and auto-activation of connected online meeting room systems.

See <u>Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host</u> on page <u>33</u>.

Routing IP-Driven Control Signals via Built-in Control Gateway

Remote IP connected clients can send from the LAN, via the **SWT3-31-HU** built-in control gateway, CEC, RS-232, I/O and IR commands, and receive responses and notifications, to control devices connected to **SWT3-31-HU** HDMI-CEC, RS-232, I/O and IR control ports. The built-in control gateway sends the control commands (converted from the client received IP messages) to the connected controlled devices, and distributes the responses received from the connected controlled devices to all connected clients.

<u>Figure 7</u> shows the **SWT3-31-HU** built-in control gateway connection. The Kramer Control controller is connected to the switcher via LAN, sends IP commands to the switcher control gateway over the LAN connection, to send control messages to, and receive control responses from:

- The touch TV connected to the switcher via the IR and/or HDMI (CEC) ports.
- The PTZ Camera connected to the receiver via the RS-232 port.
- The Occupancy Detector & Select In Button connected to the receiver via the I/O ports.

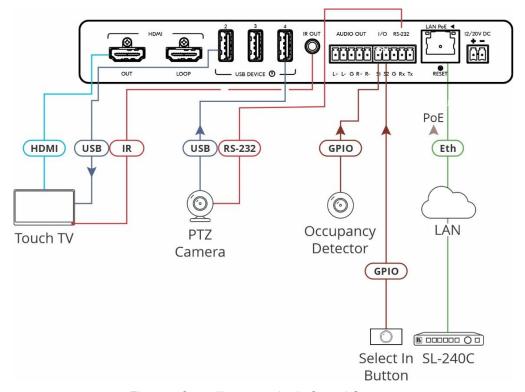


Figure 7: Controlling remotely via Control Gateway

Built-in control gateway activation, activation of the associated control ports and their attributes (such as the CEC logical address of the control gateway), as well as manual commands testing operation, is done via SWT3-31-HU control gateway webpages (see <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>35</u>).

Flexible Remote Buttons Control

Remote contact-closure buttons can be connected to the I/O ports, for easy end user control of device functions by button press and release operation. Flexible configuration of button press/release actions and latching (default) or momentary operation mode, enable simple and custom control according to user needs.

(see Configuring Remote Buttons on page 43)

Using Front and Rear Panel Buttons

SWT3-31-HU front and rear panel buttons enable the following actions:

- Selecting an INPUT.
- Turning the display on or off via the DISPLAY ON or sending on or off commands that
 are configured via the UI (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u>
 on page <u>42</u>).
- Resetting device to its factory settings (for additional instructions on resetting and resetting device (see Resetting and Restarting Device on page 29).

Operating via Ethernet

You can connect to **SWT3-31-HU** via Ethernet using either of the following methods:

- Directly to the PC using a crossover cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC</u> on page <u>15</u>).
- Via a network switch or router, using a straight-through cable (see <u>Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Switch</u> on page <u>17</u>).



If you want to connect via a router and your IT system is based on IPv6, speak to your IT department for specific installation instructions.

Connecting Ethernet Port Directly to a PC

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-31-HU** directly to the Ethernet port on your PC using a crossover cable with RJ-45 connectors.



This type of connection is recommended for identifying **SWT3-31-HU** with the factory configured default IP address.

After connecting SWT3-31-HU to the Ethernet port, configure your PC as follows:

- 1. Click Start > Control Panel > Network and Sharing Center.
- 2. Click Change Adapter Settings.

3. Highlight the network adapter you want to use to connect to the device and click **Change settings of this connection**.

The Local Area Connection Properties window for the selected network adapter appears as shown in <u>Figure 8</u>.

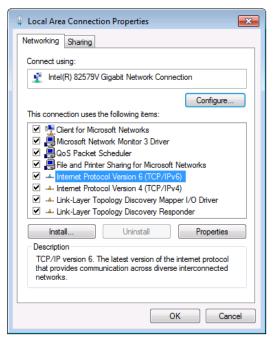


Figure 8: Local Area Connection Properties Window

- 4. Highlight either Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) or Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) depending on the requirements of your IT system.
- 5. Click Properties.

The Internet Protocol Properties window relevant to your IT system appears as shown in Figure 9 or Figure 10.

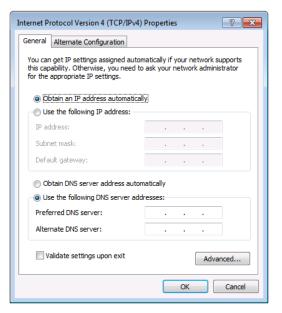


Figure 9: Internet Protocol Version 4 Properties Window

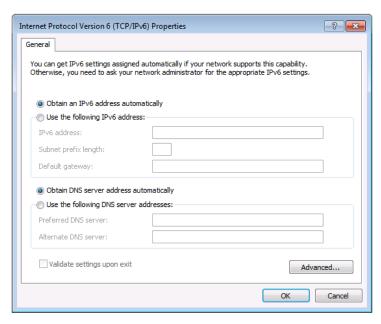


Figure 10: Internet Protocol Version 6 Properties Window

- 6. Select **Use the following IP Address** for static IP addressing and fill in the details as shown in Figure 11.
 - For TCP/IPv4 you can use any IP address in the range 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.255 (excluding default 192.168.1.39 fallback address) that is provided by your IT department.

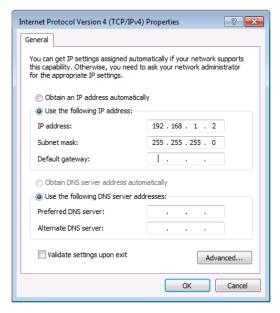


Figure 11: Internet Protocol Properties Window

- 7. Click OK.
- 8. Click Close.

Connecting Ethernet Port via a Network Switch

You can connect the Ethernet port of **SWT3-31-HU** to the Ethernet port on a network switch or router using a straight-through cable with RJ-45 connectors.

Configuring Ethernet Port

You can set the Ethernet parameters via the embedded Web pages.

Discovering and acquiring IP address

SWT3-31-HU includes IP address auto-acquiring policy via LAN-connected DHCP server by default. When no DHCP server is detected, a fallback static IP address of 192.168.1.39, and 255.255.255.0 subnet mask (class C), is assigned until an IP address is acquired via the DHCP server.

For more information, refer to Product Page Technical Note in www.kramerav.com/product/SWT3-31-HU.

Using Embedded Web Pages

SWT3-31-HU enables you to configure settings via Ethernet using built-in, user-friendly web pages. The Web pages are accessed using a Web browser and an Ethernet connection.



You can also configure **SWT3-31-HU** via Protocol 3000 commands (see <u>Protocol 3000</u> <u>Commands</u> on page <u>55</u>).

Before attempting to connect:

- Perform the procedure in (see <u>Operating via Ethernet</u> on page <u>15</u>).
- Ensure that your browser is supported.

The following operating systems and Web browsers are supported:

Operating Systems	Browser
Windows 7	Chrome
Windows 10	Edge
	Chrome
Mac	Safari
iOS	Safari
Android	N/A



If a web page does not update correctly, clear your Web browser's cache.



Check that Security/firewalls are not blocking HTTP traffic between the device and the user PC.

To access the web pages:

1. Enter the IP address of the device in the address bar of your internet browser (default = 192.168.1.39).

If security is enabled, the Login window appears.



Figure 12: Embedded Web Pages Login Window

2. Enter the Username (default = Admin) and Password (default = Admin) and click **Sign in**. The default web page appears.

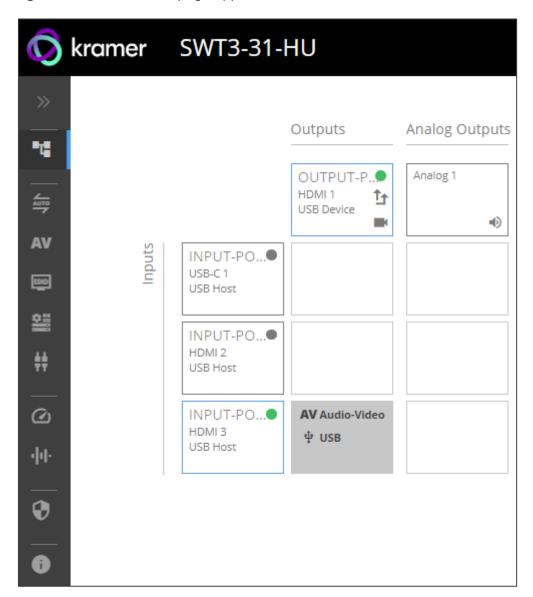


Figure 13: AV Settings Page

3. Click the arrow at the top of the navigation list to view the menu items in detail.

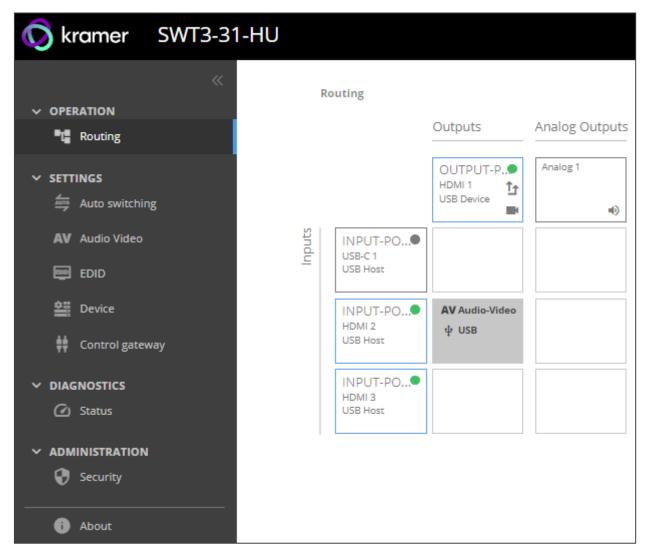


Figure 14: Navigation pane in Detail

4. Click the Navigation Pane on the left side of the screen to access the relevant web page.

SWT3-31-HU web pages enable performing the following actions:

- Routing Signals on page 22.
- Setting AV Properties on page 24.
- Setting Device Properties on page 28.
- <u>Setting Control Gateway Properties</u> on page <u>35</u>.
- <u>Viewing Device Status</u> on page <u>45</u>.
- <u>Setting Security Properties</u> on page <u>46</u>.
- Viewing the About Page on page 50.

Routing Signals

This section details the following actions:

- Routing a Video Input to an Output on page <u>22</u>.
- Setting Analog Audio Output Level on page 24.

Routing a Video Input to an Output

When routing any of the inputs to the output, you can set all 3 inputs to route the AV signal together with the USB signal (USB follows video coupled routing) or to independently route each individual signal.

To route the video inputs to the outputs:

1. Go to the Routing Settings page.

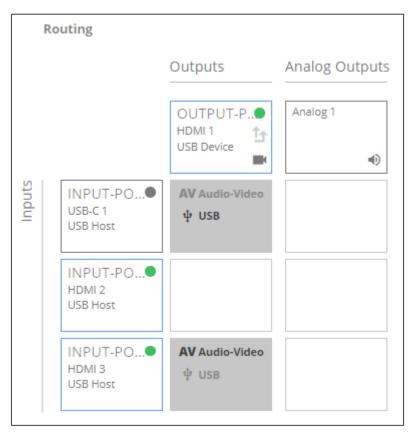


Figure 15: Routing Page

2. Perform the following functions:

- Click an Input/Output cross-point (see <u>Routing AV and USB Host</u> Signals on page <u>23</u>).
 - A green light on a button indicates a connected source/acceptor.
- Click to activate USB following video coupled routing.
- Click to stop/play the video.

An input is routed to the output.

Routing AV and USB Host Signals

SWT3-31-HU enables switching any of the inputs to the output in one of the following operation modes:

- USB follows AV coupled routing (1) Selecting an input, routes the HDMI signal to the output and associates the USB devices to that selected USB host.
- USB signal individual routing () Selecting an input, routes the HDMI signal to the output. The USB host can be selected separately from any of the other inputs.

Individual USB Host Routing

In the following example, USB routing does not follow video, so you can individually select the AV signal on input 2 and the USB signal on input 1. This means that the HDMI input 2 AV signal is routed to the output and the USB devices are associated with the USB-C host.

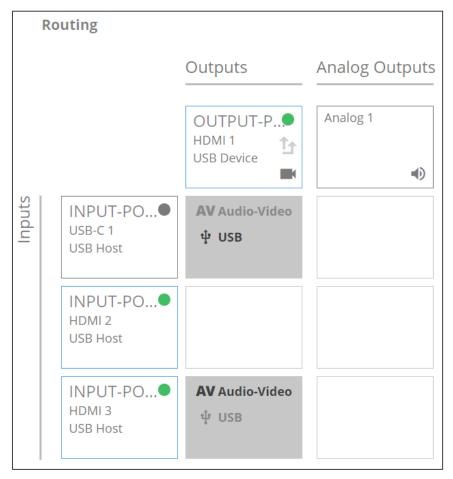


Figure 16: Individual routing of USB Host and AV Signal

Setting Analog Audio Output Level

To set the audio output level:

- 1. Go to the Routing Settings page.
- 2. Under Analog Outputs click 1.
- 3. Set the audio level using the slider next to Analog output volume (dB, from -100 to 15). Audio level is set.

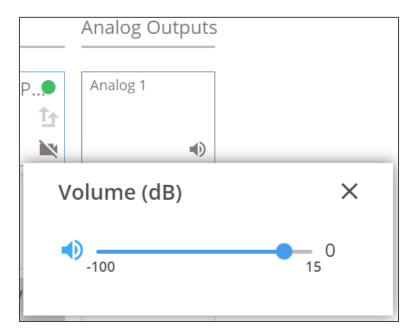


Figure 17: Setting Audio Output Level

Video inputs are routed to the outputs.

Setting AV Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Setting the Auto-Switching Policy</u> on page <u>24</u>.
- Configuring AV Settings on page 26.
- Managing EDID on page 27.

Setting the Auto-Switching Policy

To set the auto-switching policy:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select the auto switching policy: **Manual**, **Last Connected** or **Priority**.

Switching policy is set.

To change input priorities:

- 1. Go to the Auto switching page.
- 2. Next to the Selection Mode drop-down box, select **Priority**.
- 3. Click and drag an input between high and low to change the priorities.

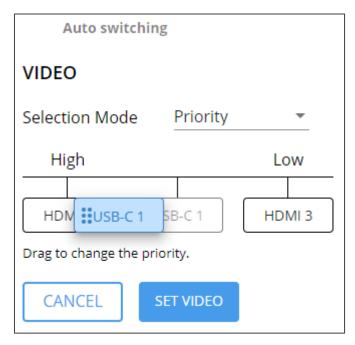


Figure 18: Changing Input Priorities

4. Click **SET VIDEO**.

Input priorities are set.

Configuring AV Settings

SWT3-31-HU enables configuring the device audio and video settings.

To configure audio and video settings:

1. Go to the Audio Video Settings page. The Audio Video Settings page appears.

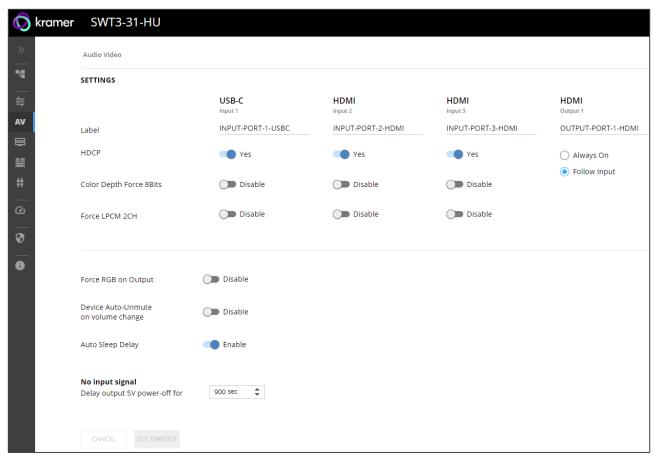


Figure 19: Audio Video Settings

- 2. Perform the following actions:
- Label Change the name of an input or the output as it appears on the Routing page and EDID management page.
- HDCP For the inputs, select the Yes (default) /No switch to enable/disable HDCP for that input. For the output, select Always On keep HDCP enabled or Follow Input (default) to define the output HDCP setting according to the active input.
- Color Depth Force 8Bits **Enable** or **Disable** (default) on each input.
- Force LPCM 2CH **Enable** or **Disable** (default) on each input.
- Force RGB on Output Enable or Disable (default).
- Device Auto-Unmute on volume change When enabled (default), changing the volume will auto-unmute the audio output.
- Auto Sleep Delay When no input signal is detected, the device automatically goes into sleep mode, and output is set to off. When this setting is enabled (default), it delays sleep mode for an amount of time specified in the next setting.

 No input signal (active when Auto Sleep Delay is enabled) – Set the number of seconds (30 to 60,000 seconds; default = 900 seconds) after there is no signal detected, until the device goes into sleep mode. Click SET TIMEOUT after defining this setting.

Audio and video settings are configured.

Managing EDID

SWT3-31-HU enables you to copy an EDID from one of several different sources to the inputs.

To copy the EDID to the inputs:

1. Go to the EDID Management page.

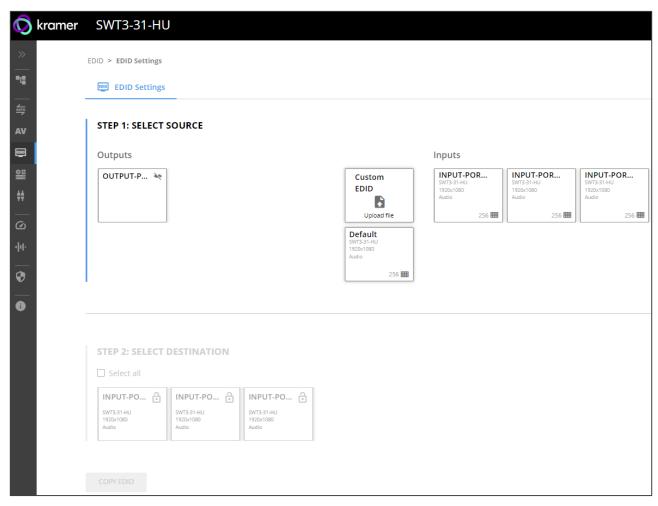


Figure 20: EDID Management Page

- 2. Under Step 1, select the EDID source (the output, any of the inputs, default or custom EDID.
- 3. Under Step 2, select one or more inputs as the destination for copying the EDID.
- 4. Click COPY EDID.

The EDID is copied.

Setting Device Properties

This section details the following actions:

- <u>Device Profile and Maintenance</u> on page <u>28</u>.
- Settings Networking Properties on page 31.
- Setting Time and Date on page 34.

Device Profile and Maintenance

Changing Device Name

SWT3-31-HU enables you to change the DNS name of the device.

To change the device name:

1. Go to the Device > General page.

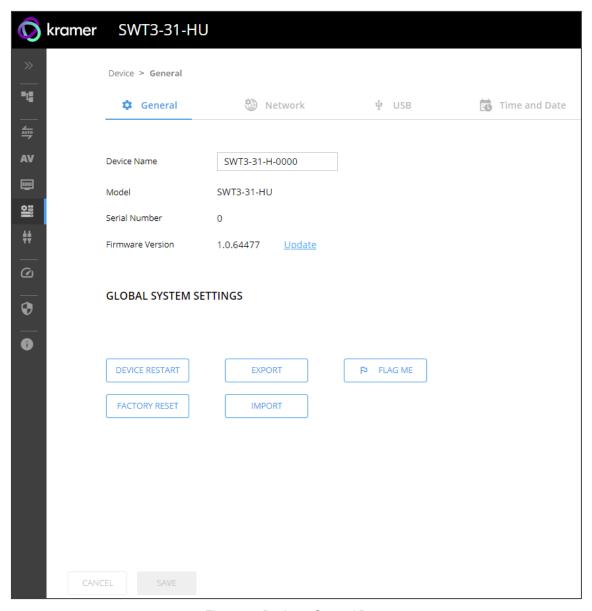


Figure 21: Device > General Page

2. Under General Preferences, change the device name and click SAVE.

The device name is changed.

Upgrading Firmware

To upgrade the device firmware:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (<u>Figure 21</u>).
- 2. Under General, click **Update**, open the relevant firmware file, and follow the instructions. The upgrade takes approximately 30-60 seconds.



 During FW upgrade, the device continues to operate, but the device UI and protocol 3000 communication are inactive. When device restarts, the status LED is lit, and HDMI output signal is disconnected until restart completes.

Firmware is updated.



Figure 22:Firmware Upgrade Process

Resetting and Restarting Device

Two types of resets can be performed:

- Restart Reboots your device and keeps all your device settings, including the IP address and password.
- Reset Reboots your device and restores all factory settings including input/output definitions, switching configuration, IP address and password (a DHCP-acquired IP address is retained).

To restart the device:

Click DEVICE RESTART on the Device > General page (Figure 21).

To perform a factory reset on the device, use one of the following actions:

- Click FACTORY RESET on the Device > General page (Figure 21).
- Using protocol 3000 commands, send FACTORY command then RESET commands.
- On the rear panel, press and hold the RESET button while connecting the power for several seconds.

Exporting and Importing a Configuration File

SWT3-31-HU enables you to export and store (in connected browsing PC storage) a configuration file, that records all current device settings except the routing operation setup. The stored file can then be imported to the same or different **SWT3-31-HU** device to load the recorded settings, for configuration backup and/or solution-replication purposes.

Exporting a Configuration File

To export a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click EXPORT.
- 3. Select the storage location on your computer to save the configuration file and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is exported and saved.

Importing a Configuration File

To import a configuration file of the current device settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (<u>Figure 21</u>).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click IMPORT.
- 3. Select the relevant configuration file from your computer storage and click **SAVE**.

The configuration file is imported and the device restarts with the settings from the configuration file.

Identifying Your Device

To identify the device using a supporting discovery system:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (<u>Figure 21</u>).
- 2. Under Global System Settings, click FLAG ME. NET LED flashes.

The device is identified by the discovery system.

Settings Networking Properties



By default, DHCP is set to on. The IP address shows the actual IP address acquired from the DHCP server, or the auto-acquired fallback IP address when there is no DHCP server detection.

To configure network settings:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the **Network** tab.

The network page appears.

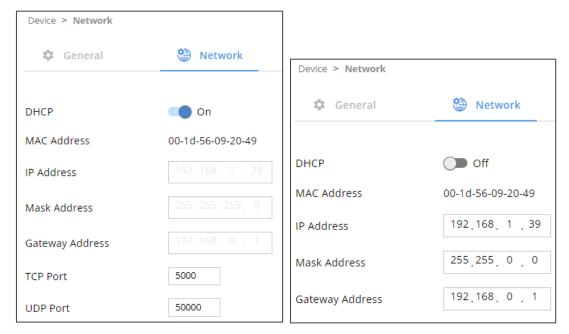


Figure 23: Device Settings > Network Page (DHCP On/DHCP Off)

3. Change settings as needed.

If required, Set to **DHCP** (default) or static IP address resolution modes.

- 4. When in Static IP mode, perform the following actions:
 - Change the IP address.
 - Change the Mask address.
 - Change the Gateway address.
 - Define UDP/TCP port numbers.

Network settings are defined.

Setting USB-C Host Port Signals Mix

AV and USB combined signals mix, and their data rate levels, of the USB-C host port, can be flexibly set.

To select USB-C host port signals mix:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the USB tab.

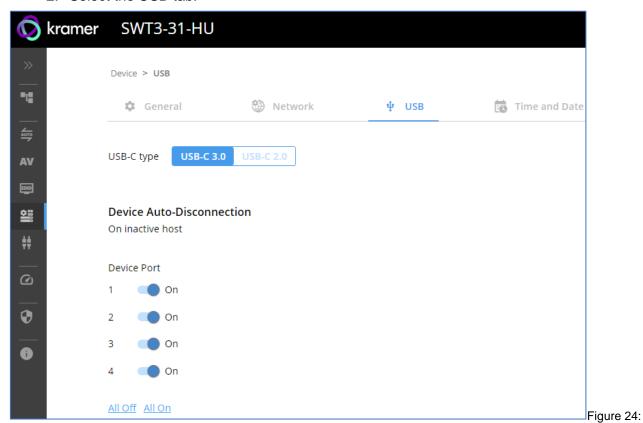


Figure 25: USB Page - USB-C Host Port Data Range Level Selection

- 3. Next to USB-C type, select one of the following:
 - **USB-C 3.0** High USB 10Gbps data rate and lower 4K60 4:2:0 AV resolution mix.
 - USB-C 2.0 High 4K60 4:4:4 AV resolution and lower USB 480Mbps data rate mix.
- 4. Click SAVE.

USB-C host signals mix is set.

Auto-disconnecting a USB Device on Inactive Host

When a host becomes inactive, you can automatically disconnect one or multiple USB devices.

To define auto-disconnection:

- 1. Go to the **Device** > **General** page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the USB tab.

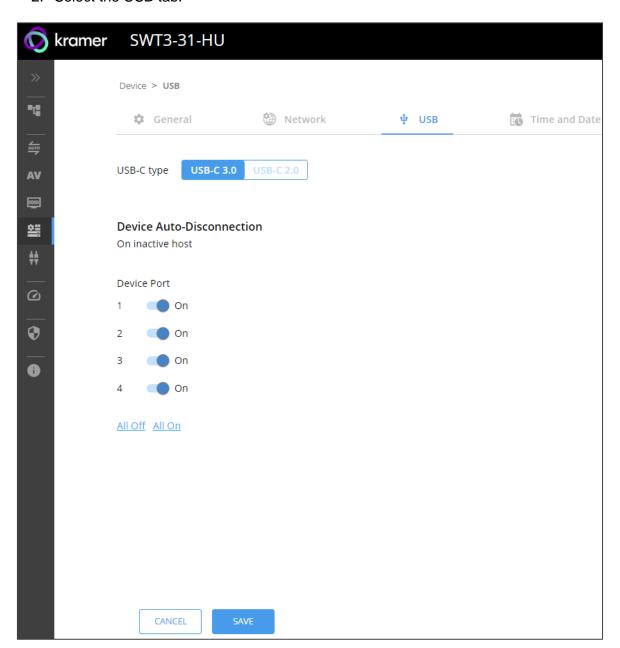


Figure 26: USB Page – USB Device Auto-Disconnection

- 3. For each USB Device Port, set the auto disconnection status to **On** or **Off**. You can also Select **All Off** or **All On** to set all device ports to off or on, respectively.
- 4. Click SAVE.

USB devices are set.

Setting Time and Date

You can sync the device time and date to any server around the world.

To sync device time and date to a server:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Device**. The General tab in the Device page appears.
- 2. Select the **Time and Date** tab. The Time and Date tab appears.

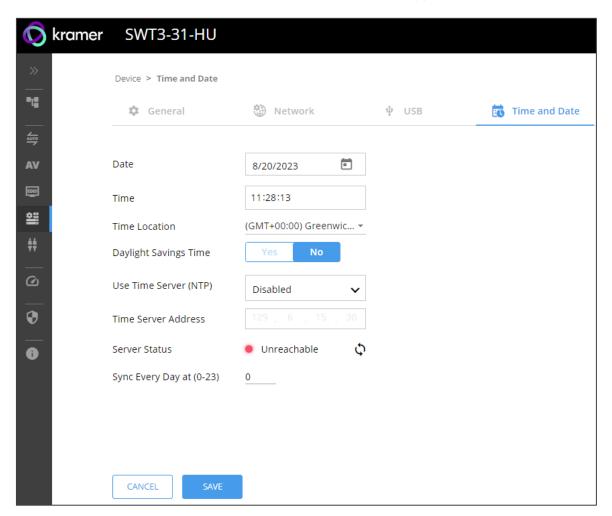


Figure 27: Device Settings - Time and Date Tab

- 3. Set the Date and Time.
- 4. Select the Time Location.
- 5. In the Use Time Server (NTP) drop-down box, click:
 - Disabled to disable the time server.
 - Manual to enable time server (NTP).
- 6. If enabled, type in server information:
 - Enter the time server address.
 - Set sync frequency (every 0 to 23 days).
- 7. Click **SAVE** for any change.

The devices date and time are synchronized to the server address entered.

Setting Control Gateway Properties

This section details the following actions:

- Error! Not a valid bookmark self-reference. on page <u>35</u>.
- Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports on page 38.
- <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page <u>42</u>.
- Configuring Remote Buttons on page 43.
- Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF on page 44.

Setting Serial Port Properties

SWT3-31-HU enables configuring the RS-232 port in one of the following ways:

- Controlling the SWT3-31-HU on page <u>35</u>.
- <u>Controlling an External Device</u> on page <u>36</u>.
- Controlling the Display on page 37.

Controlling the SWT3-31-HU

To set the RS-232 port to control the device:

1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.

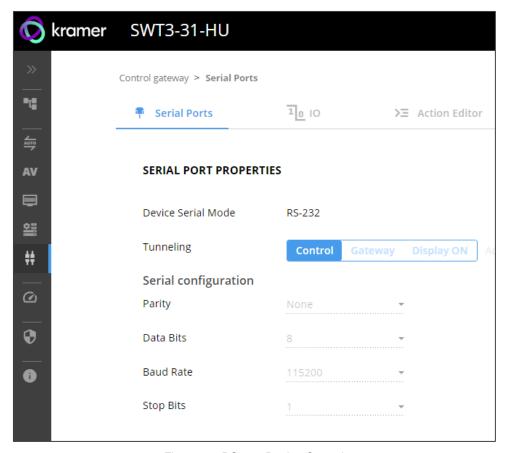


Figure 28: RS-232 Device Control

- 2. Next to Tunneling, select Control.
- 3. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the SWT3-31-HU.

Controlling an External Device

Control an external device via an IP-connected Controller (for example **SL-240C** that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Gateway**.

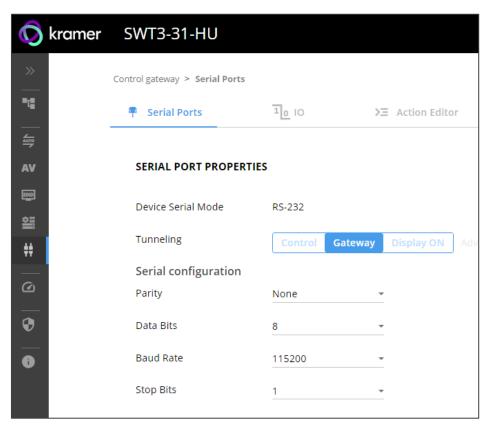


Figure 29: RS-232 as Gateway

- 3. Define the external device RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click Save.

The Advanced Settings tab appears.

- 5. Select either UDP or TCP port.
- 6. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls an external device.

Controlling the Display

Control an external device via a Controller (for example SL-240C that is connected via LAN)

To set the RS-232 port to control an external device:

- 1. Go to the Control Gateway page. The Serial Ports tab appears.
- 2. Next to Tunneling, select **Display ON**.

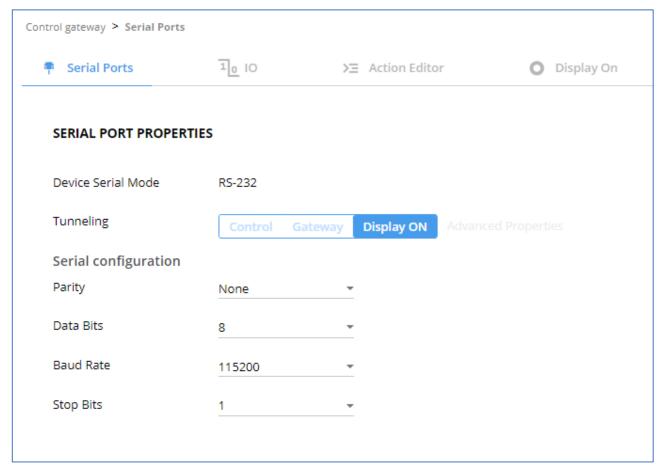


Figure 30: RS-232 Control for Display on/off

- 3. Define the display RS-232 settings (Parity, Data Bits, Baud Rate and Stop Bits).
- 4. Click SAVE.

RS-232 port controls the display on/off.

Configuring I/O (GPIO) Ports

The 2 I/O ports can control devices such as sensors, door locks, remote contact-closure buttons, audio volume and lighting control devices and can be configured via the webpages.



To enable I/O operations, Remote Button must be set to Off.

To configure an I/O port:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.

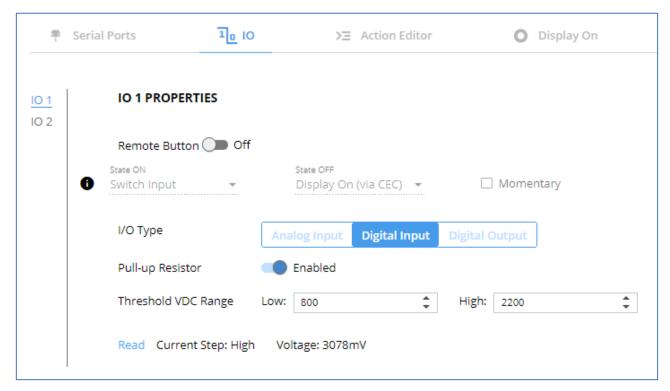


Figure 31: I/O Ports Settings Page

- 3. Select the I/O port to be configured (IO 1 or IO 2).
- 4. Select one of the following I/O types:
 - Digital Input (default setting) (see <u>Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type</u> on page <u>39</u>).
 - Digital Output (see Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type on page 39).
 - Analog Input (see Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type on page 41).
- The settings available on the page change depending on which trigger type is selected.
 - Click SAVE after setting the selected I/O type.

Configuring a Digital Input I/O Type

The Digital Input trigger mode reads the digital input of an external sensor device that is connected to the I/O port. It detects High (upon passing Max threshold from Low state) or Low (upon passing Min threshold from High state) port states according to the user defined voltage threshold levels.

To configure a digital input I/O type:

- 1. On the GPIO page, select **Digital Input** next to I/O Type. The Digital Input options appear (Figure 31).
- 2. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Disabled
 - Suitable, for example, for a high temperature alarm that exceeds the maximum voltage threshold. When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low and to be triggered it must be pulled high by the externally connected sensor.
 - Enabled Detection of an open circuit as High, or a short to ground as Low. This is suitable for example, for a pushbutton switch (connecting one terminal of the switch to ground, and the other to the input) or for an alarm closing a circuit that activates a series of actions. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high, and to be triggered it must be pulled low by the externally connected sensor.
- 3. Set the Threshold VDC Low and High Range (threshold voltage at which the port changes state).
- 4. Click **Read** to refresh port status information.
- 5. Click SAVE.

Digital input I/O type is configured.

Configuring a Digital Output I/O Type

To configure a digital output I/O type:

On the GPIO page, select Digital Output next to I/O type.
 A warning message appears.

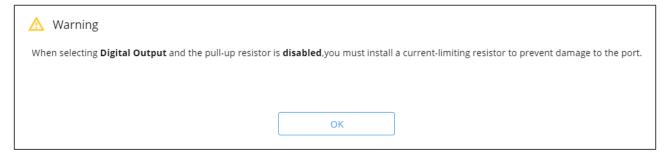


Figure 32: Digital Output Warning

2. Make sure to follow the instructions in this warning.

3. Click **OK**. The Digital Output options appear.

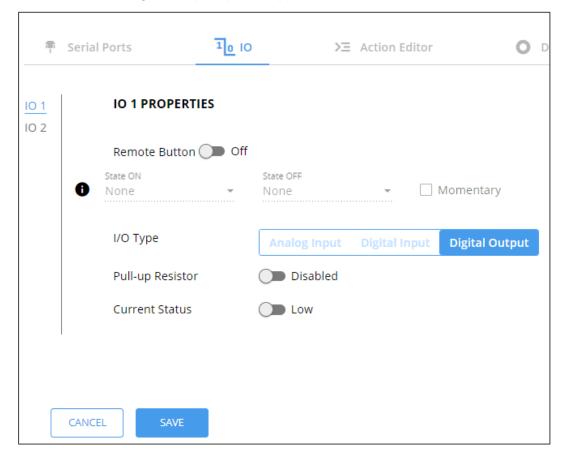


Figure 33: GPIO Settings Page - Digital Output I/O Type

- 4. Select one of the following for the Pull-up resistor setting:
 - Pullup resistor set to Enabled: The port can be used for controlling devices that accept a TTL signal such as for powering LEDs. The voltage output is TTL positive logic: high: >2.4V; low: < 0.5V. When the pull-up resistor is enabled, the port state is high. For the state to be low, you must select Low for the Current Status.
 - Pullup resistor **Disabled**:

The port is used for controlling external devices such as room or light switches. The external source device determines the voltage output; the maximum voltage is 30V DC and the maximum current is 100mA.

When the pull-up resistor is disabled, the port state is low. For the state to be high, select **High** for the Current Status.



Make sure that the current in this configuration does not exceed 100mA.

5. Click SAVE.

Digital Output I/O type is configured.

Configuring an Analog Input I/O Type

When selectin the Analog Input I/O type, the port is triggered by an external analog device, such as a volume control device. The trigger is activated once when the detected voltage is within the 0 to 30V DC voltage range.

To configure an analog input I/O type:

1. On the GPIO page, select Analog Input next to I/O type.

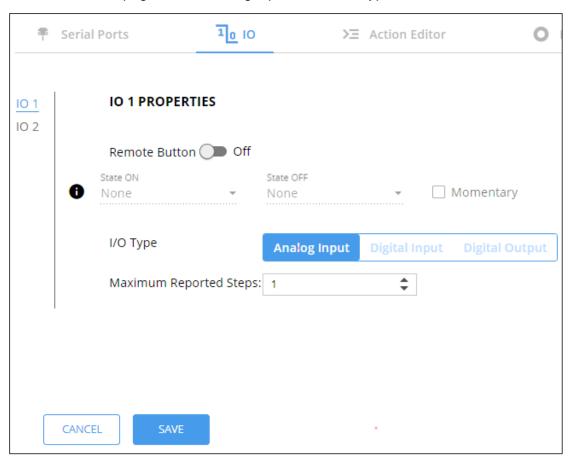


Figure 34: GPIO Port Settings Page Analog Input

- 2. Enter or use the arrows to scroll to a value (1–100) for the Maximum reported steps. This value is the number of steps that the analog input signal is divided into. To calculate the voltage of each step, use the following formula:
 Voltage of one step = 30V / number of steps.
- 3. Click SAVE.

Analog input I/O type is configured.

Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor

Use action editor to create and test control commands via CEC, UART or IR control interfaces. You can create up to 5 commands.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the **Action Editor** tab. The Action Editor appears.

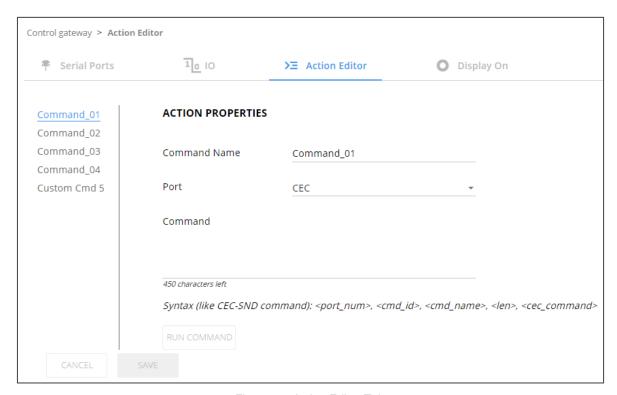


Figure 35: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Select a command name on the left side of the window.
- 4. Change the command name, if required.
- 5. Select the port (CEC, UART or IR).
- 6. Enter the appropriate command line, such as one of the following Display On sample commands:
 - For CEC 1,1,tv-on,2,E004



The command to power on a TV can vary depending on the specific TV model and manufacturer. However, above is a common example of a standard command to power on a TV.

- For RS232 PON
- For IR -

- 7. Click SAVE.
- 8. Click **RUN COMMAND** to run the command test.

An action is entered and can be run.

Configuring Remote Buttons

Remotely operate, by I/O-connected remote buttons, configured control actions (see (see <u>Defining and Testing Commands via Action Editor</u> on page 42).

To Configure Remote Buttons:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab in the Device Settings page appears.
- 2. Select the IO tab. The IO tab appears.
- 3. Press to toggle **Remote Button** to On.
- Configure defined control actions, for button on/off states, using the State ON, State
 OFF drop-down boxes.
 - Button default operation mode is latching. For momentary mode, check the Momentary checkbox.

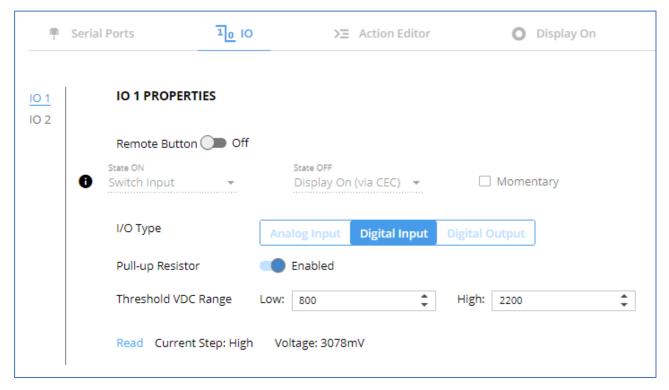


Figure 36: I/O ports settings tab - Configuring Remote Buttons

5. Click SAVE.

A control actions remote button can now be remotely operated.

Associating CEC Commands to DISPLAY ON/OFF

Configure CEC commands to send via DISPLAY ON button.

To add an action:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Control Gateway**. The Serial Ports tab opens.
- 2. Select the **Display On** tab. The Display ON settings appears.

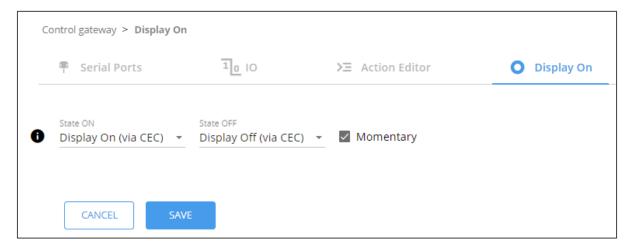


Figure 37: Action Editor Tab

- 3. Define the State On and State Off commands.
- 4. Check **Momentary** for the button to send a command on the press of a button.
- 5. Click SAVE.

DISPLAY ON button is configured.

Viewing Device Status

View the device status.

To view the device status:

- 1. In the navigation pane, select **Status**.
- 2. Select the **Devices** tab. The Devices Status appears.

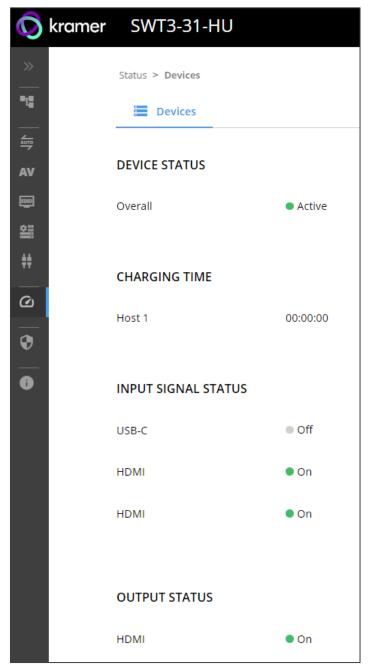


Figure 38: Device Status Page

3. View device status.

Device status can be viewed.

Setting Security Properties

This section details the following actions:

- Changing Security Status on page 46.
- <u>Defining 802.1X Authentication</u> on page <u>48</u>.

Changing Security Status

By default, security status is set to On.

Setting Security Status to Off

To set security status to Off:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 39).
- 2. Select the Security tab. The Security settings appears.

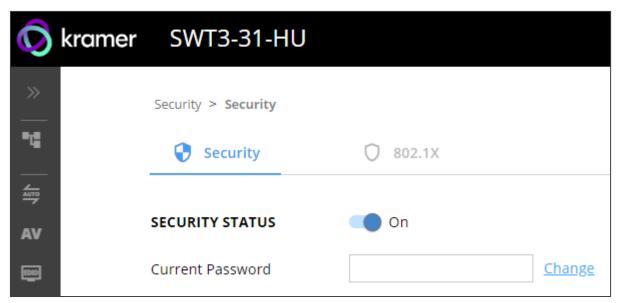


Figure 39: Security – Security Tab

3. Set **SECURITY STATUS** to **Off**. The Security Status window appears.



Figure 40: Security Status Message

- 4. Enter the current password.
- 5. Click OK.

Security status is set to Off.

Setting Security Status to On

To set security status to on:

- 1. Go to the Security > Security (Figure 39).
- 2. Set SECURITY STATUS to On.

Security status is set to On.

Changing Web Pages Access Password

To change the password for accessing the embedded web pages:

- 1. Go to the Security page (Figure 21).
- 2. Select the Security Tab. The Security settings appear (Figure 41).
- 3. Enter the Current Password and click **Change**. The new password settings appear.

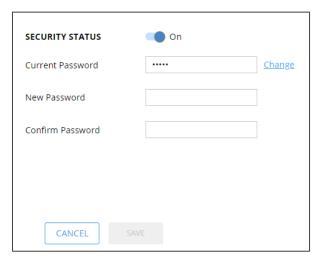


Figure 41: Device Settings - Changing the Password

4. Enter the new password and confirmation password and click SAVE.

The password is changed.

Defining 802.1X Authentication

802.1x security standard supports IT networking authentication based on LAN port and MAC address.

To configure security:

- 1. In the Navigation pane, click **Security**. The Security settings tab in the Security page appears.
- 2. Select **802.1X** tab. The 802.1X settings tab appears (see Figure 42).

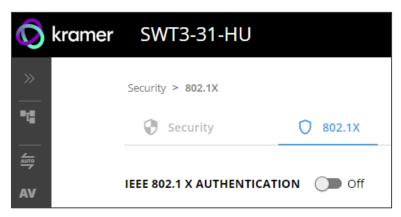


Figure 42: 802.1X Tab

- 3. For 802.1x authentication, click **ON** to enable 802.1x authentication service. 802.1x supports authentication based on port and MAC address.
- 4. When set to ON check one standard authentication method to set its security attributes.
 - PEAP-MSCHAP V2 (Figure 43) Enter:
 - Username up to 24 alphanumeric characters, including "_" and "-" characters within the username, and
 - · Password up to 24 ASCII characters

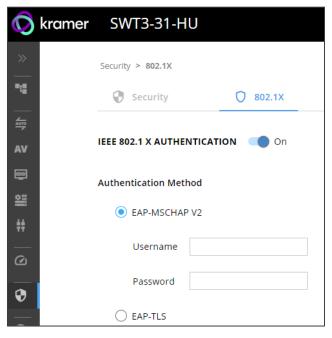


Figure 44: Security Tab – EAP-MSCHAP V2 Authentication

- **EAP-TLS** (Figure 45) To submit certificate from the server for authentication:
 - Enter Username,
 - Click to upload the certificates and keys,
 - Enter the private key password (assigned by IT administrator),
 - Set Server Certificate On

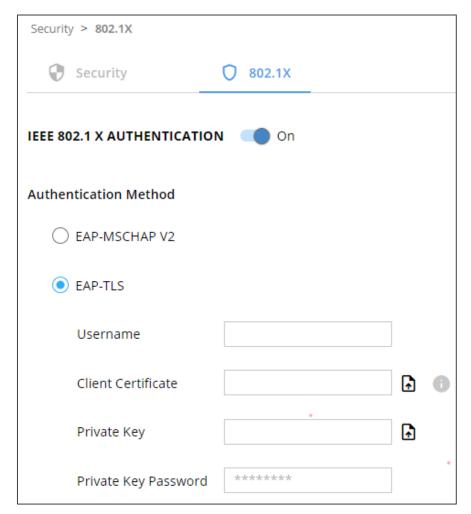


Figure 46: EAP-TLS - Certificates and Password

5. Click APPLY.

802.1x authentication security is configured.

Viewing the About Page

View the firmware version and Kramer Electronics Ltd details in the About page.

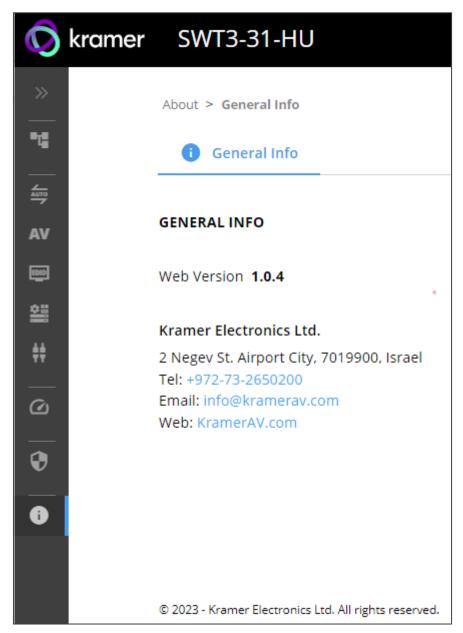


Figure 47: About Page

Upgrading Firmware

Use the Kramer **K-UPLOAD** software to upgrade the firmware via ethernet or the RS-232 port, allowing RS-232 to control/program the device). The device continues to operate and once FW upload complete, you are asked to Restart no or later.

The latest version of **K-UPLOAD** and installation instructions can be downloaded from our website at: www.kramerav.com/support/product_downloads.asp.



Note that in order to use the micro USB port, you need to install the Kramer USB driver, available at: www.kramerav.com/support/product_downloads.asp.

Technical Specifications

Inputs	2 HDMI	On HDMI female connectors
Inputo	1 DP Alt Mode & PD 3.0 USB-C	On a USB type–C female connector
Outputs	1 HDMI	On an HDMI connector
Outputs	1 HDMI Loop	On an HDMI connector
	1 Balanced Stereo Line Level	On a 5-pin terminal block connector
	1 IR	On a 3.5mm mini jack
Dorto	1 USB 3.1 Host	On a USB–C female connector
Ports	2 USB 3.1 Host	On USB–B female connectors
	4 USB	On female USB-B connectors
	1 LAN PoE	On an RJ-45 female connector
	1 RS-232	On a 3-pin terminal block
	2 GPI/O	On 2-pin terminal block connectors
USB Features	USB 3.1 Data Rate	Up to 10Gbps
	Integrated USB Hubs	1
	Standards Compliance	USB 3.2 GEN 2, 2.0 and 1.1
	USB 3.1 Data Rate	Up to 10Gbps
Video	Max Data Rate	18Gbps bandwidth (6Gbps per graphic channel)
	Max Resolution	4K@60Hz (4:4:4) 24bpp resolution
	Content Protection	HDCP 2.3
	HDMI Support	4K as specified in HDMI 2.0b
Analog Audio Output	Impedance Balanced	500Ω
	THD + Noise: (Non-weighted)	-84dB (0.0065%)
	Crosstalk	<-85dB
	Max Output Signal Level	4.2Vrms
	Coupling	DC
	Impedance Balanced	500Ω
Power	Power Adapter	Source: 12V DC, 2A / 20V DC, 6A
		Consumption: 12V DC, 1.8A / 20V DC, 4.4A
		Max. Power: 12V DC, 22W / 20V DC, 84W
	LAN PoE	Consumption: 144mA
		Max. Power: 7.8W
	USB Charging	Max. Power: 60W
		Compliance: PD 3.0
	USB Device Charging	Max. Total Current: 2A
Controls	Front Panel	INPUT SELECT and DISPLAY ON buttons
Indication LEDs	Front Panel	1 NET LED
		1 STATUS LED
Environmental	Operating Temperature	0° to +40°C (32° to 104°F)
Conditions	Storage Temperature	-40° to +70°C (-40° to 158°F)
	Humidity	10% to 90%, RHL non-condensing
Regulatory	Safety	CE, UL, UKCA
Compliance	Environmental	RoHs, WEEE
Enclosure	Size	Mega Tool
-	Туре	Aluminum
	Cooling	Convection Ventilation
General	Net Dimensions (W, D, H)	19cm x 11.6cm x 2.7cm
	(., 5, .,	(7.5" x 4.6" x 1.1")

	Shipping Dimensions (W, D, H)	34.5cm x 16.5cm x 5.2cm (13.6" x 6.5" x 2")	
	Net Weight	0.56kg (1.24lbs)	
	Shipping Weight	1.15kg (2.5lbs) approx.	
Accessories	Included	12VDC 5A Power adapter and cord, USB-C multi-signal cable	
Specifications are	Specifications are subject to change without notice at www.kramerav.com		

Default Comn	nunication Paramet	ers
RS-232		
Baud Rate:	115,200	
Data Bits:		8
Stop Bits:		1
Parity:		None
Command Format:		ASCII
Example (Route video inp	out 2 to the output):	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
Ethernet		
To reset the IP settings to confirm	the factory reset values go to: Menu-	>Setup -> Factory Reset-> press Enter to
Fallback IP Address:	192.168.1.39	
Fallback Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	
Fallback gateway:	192.168.0.1	
Default username:	Admin	
Default password:	Admin	
Full Factory Reset		
P3K	Send FACTORY command then RI	ESET
Embedded webpages	Go to: Device>General and click F/	ACTORY RESET

Protocol 3000

Kramer devices can be operated using Kramer Protocol 3000 commands sent via serial or Ethernet ports.

Understanding Protocol 3000

Protocol 3000 commands are a sequence of ASCII letters, structured according to the following.

Command format:

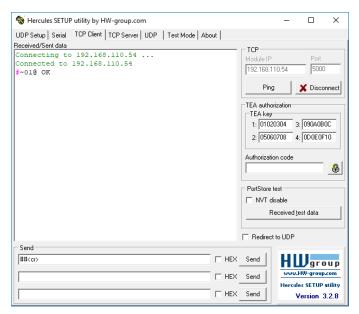
Prefix	Command Name	Constant (Space)	Parameter(s)	Suffix
#	Command	<u>.</u>	Parameter	<cr></cr>

Feedback format:

Prefix	Device ID	Constant	Command Name	Parameter(s)	Suffix
~	nn	@	Command	Parameter	<cr><lf></lf></cr>

- Command parameters Multiple parameters must be separated by a comma (,). In addition, multiple parameters can be grouped as a single parameter using brackets ([and]).
- Command chain separator character Multiple commands can be chained in the same string. Each command is delimited by a pipe character (|).
- Parameters attributes Parameters may contain multiple attributes. Attributes are indicated with pointy brackets (<...>) and must be separated by a period (.).

The command framing varies according to how you interface with **SWT3-31-HU**. The following figure displays how the # command is framed using terminal communication software (such as Hercules):



Protocol 3000 Commands

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
#	Protocol handshaking.	COMMAND # <cr></cr>		# <cr></cr>
	Validates the Protocol 3000	FEEDBACK		
	connection and gets	~nn@_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	the machine number. Step-in master products use this command to identify the availability of a			
	device.			
AUD-LVL	Set volume level.	#AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-LVL_io_mode,io_index,vol_level<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	io_mode - 1 - Output io_index - 1 vol_level - Volume level -100db to 15dB; ++ (increase current value by 1dB); (decrease current value by 1dB)	Set AUDIO OUT level to -50.0dB: #AUD-LVL_1,1,- 50.0 <cr></cr>
AUD-LVL?	Get volume level.	<pre>COMMAND #AUD-LVL?_io_mode,io_index<cr></cr></pre>	io_mode - 1 - Output io index - 1	Get AUDIO OUT level: #AUD-LVL?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-LVL_io mode,io index,vol level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	vol_level - Volume level -100db to	
AUD-LVL-	Get volume level min	COMMAND	15dB; io_mode -	Get AUDIO OUT level
RANGE?	and max range.	#AUD-LVI-RANGE?_io_mode,io_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-LVI- RANGE_io mode,io index,min val,max val<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	1- Output io_index - 1 min_val100db max_val - 15dB	range: #AUD-LVL- RANGE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
AUD-MUTE	Set audio mute.	COMMAND	out_index -1	Set Output 1 to mute:
		#AUD-MUTE_out_index,mute_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-MUTE_out_index,mute_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mute_mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	#AUD-MUTE_1,1 <cr></cr>
AUD-MUTE?	Set audio mute.	COMMAND	out_index -1 mute mode - On/Off	Get Output 1 to mute:
		#AUD-MUTE_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-MUTE_out_index,mute_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	0 – Off 1 – On	#AUD-MUTE_1,1 <cr></cr>
AUD-MUTE-	Set the auto audio	COMMAND	unmute_status -	Set mute mode to be
PERSIST	unmute status upon volume change.	#AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute_status <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	O – Mute state is not persistent and changes upon volume change 1 – Mute state is persistent upon volume change	persistent and not change upon volume change: #AUD-MUTE- PERSIST_1 <cr></cr>
AUD-MUTE-	Get the auto audio	COMMAND	unmute_status -	Get auto unmute status
PERSIST?	unmute status.	#AUD-MUTE-PERSIST?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUD-MUTE-PERSIST_unmute status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	O – Mute state is not persistent and changes upon volume change 1 – Mute state is persistent upon	upon volume change: #AUD-MUTE- PERSIST?_ <cr></cr>
AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE	Set authentication 802.1X feature for the	COMMAND #AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE_interface,enable status <cr></cr>	volume change interface - Interface ID - 0 enable status -	Set the authentication 802.1X feature on:
	specific interface.	FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1x- ENABLE_interface,enable status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0- Off 1- On	#AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_0,1 <cr></cr>
AUTH-802-1X-	Get authentication	COMMAND	interface - Interface ID - 0	Get the authentication
ENABLE?	802.1X feature for the specific interface.	#AUTH-802-1X-ENABLE?_interface <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE_interface,enable_status<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	enable_status - 0 - Off 1 - On	802.1X feature status: #AUTH-802-1X- ENABLE?_0 <cr></cr>
AV-SW-MODE	Set input auto switch mode (per output).	COMMAND	layer_type - Number that indicates	Set the input audio switch mode to Manual for HDMI
	mode (per output).	#AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer type,out index,connection mode<c< td=""><td>the signal type: 1 – Video 2 – Audio</td><td>OUT: #AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0<cr></cr></td></c<></cr>	the signal type: 1 – Video 2 – Audio	OUT: #AV-SW-MODE_1,1,0 <cr></cr>
		R> <lf></lf>	out_index - 1 connection_mode - Connection mode	
			0 – manual 1 – priority switch 2 – last connected switch	
AV-SW-MODE?	Get input auto switch mode (per output).	COMMAND #AV-SW-MODE?_layer_type,out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	layer_type - Number that indicates the signal type: 1 - Video 2 - Audio	Get the input audio switch mode for HDMI OUT: #AV-SW-MODE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@AV-SW-MODE_layer_type,out_index,connection_mode<c r=""><lf></lf></c></pre>	out_index - 1 connection_mode - Connection mode	
			0 – manual 1 – priority switch 2 – last connected switch	
AV-SW- TIMEOUT	Set auto switching timeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	switching_mode - Switching mode 0 - Video signal lost 1 - New video signal detected 4 - Disable 5V on video output if no input signal detected 5 - Video cable unplugged 7 - Video signal lost for signal routed as a result of a manual override	Set the auto switching timeout to 5 seconds in the event of 5V disable when no input signal is detected: #AV-SW-TIMEOUT_4,5 <cr< td=""></cr<>
			as a result of a manual override action time_out - Timeout in seconds 0 - 60000	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	U - 00000	<u> </u>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
AV-SW-	Set auto switching	COMMAND	switching_mode - Switching mode	Get the auto switching
TIMEOUT?	timeout.	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_switching_mode <cr></cr>	0 – Video signal lost	timeout in the event of 5V disable when no input signal
		FEEDBACK	1 – New video signal detected4 – Disable 5V on video output if no	is detected:
		~nn@AV-SW-TIMEOUT_switching_mode,time_out <cr><lf></lf></cr>	input signal detected	#AV-SW-TIMEOUT?_4 <cr></cr>
			5 – Video cable unplugged7 – Video signal lost for signal routed	
			as a result of a manual override	
			action time out - Timeout in seconds	
			0 - 60000	
BEACON-INFO?	Get beacon information, including	COMMAND #PERCON TARGO COM	port_id - ID of the Ethernet port ip string - Dot-separated	Get beacon information:
	IP address, UDP	#BEACON-INFO?_ <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	representation of the IP address	#BEACON-INFO?_ <cr></cr>
	control port, TCP control port, MAC	~nn@BEACON-	udp_port - UDP control port tcp_port - TCP control port	
	address, model, name.	<pre>INFO_port_id, ip_string,udp_port,tcp_port,mac_address, model,name<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	mac_address - Dash-separated mac	
			address model - Device model	
			name - Device name	
BUILD-DATE?	Get device build date.	COMMAND #BUILD-DATE?_ <cr></cr>	date – Format: YYYY/MM/DD where YYYY = Year	Get the device build date: #BUILD-DATE? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	MM = Month	
		~nn@BUILD-DATE_date,time <cr><lf></lf></cr>	DD = Day time - Format: hh:mm:ss where	
			hh = hours	
			mm = minutes ss = seconds	
CEC-GW-PORT-	Set the CEC activation	COMMAND	direction_type - Direction of the	Activate CEC for the
ACTIVE	state.	#CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction type, port format, port index, state <cr< th=""><th>port: out port format - Type of signal on the</th><th>HDBaseT port as a passthrough:</th></cr<>	port: out port format - Type of signal on the	HDBaseT port as a passthrough:
		>	port: hdbt	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i
		FEEDBACK	port_index - The port number: 1 state - Global gateway activation	n,hdmi,1,0 <cr></cr>
		<pre>~nn@CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE_direction type,port format,port index,state<cr< pre=""></cr<></pre>	state:	
		> <lf>'</lf>	0 – as a passthrough1 – as a gateway	
CEC-GW-PORT-	Get the CEC activation	COMMAND	direction_type - Direction of the	Get the Activate CEC status
ACTIVE?	state.	#CEC-GW-PORT- ACTIVE?_direction type,port format,port index <cr></cr>	port: out port format - Type of signal on the	for the HDBaseT port as a passthrough:
		FEEDBACK	port: hdbt	#CEC-GW-PORT-ACTIVE_i
		~nn@CEC-GW-PORT-	port_index - The port number: 1 state - Global gateway activation	n,hdmi,1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>ACTIVE_direction_type,port_format,port_index,state<cr><lf>'</lf></cr></pre>	state:	
			0 – as a passthrough1 – as a gateway	
CEC-MEMBERS?	Get list of CEC logical	COMMAND	Port_index - 1	Set gateway members:
CEC-MEMBERS?	Get list of CEC logical addresses.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr></cr>	Port_index - 1 la - 1 to 15	Set gateway members: #CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr></cr>
CEC-MEMBERS?				
CEC-MEMBERS?	addresses. Set CEC notification	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>		
	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0-Inactive	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY-</cr>
CEC-NTFY-	addresses. Set CEC notification	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	la = 1 to 15 cec_ntf =	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification:</cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up).	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> confidence of the confide</cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0-Inactive	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status::</cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK FEEDBACK FEEDBACK</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY-</cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index, <la1>, <la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr></cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active_cec_ntf<cr=""/><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND</cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY-</cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index, <la1>, <la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port:</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></if></cr></if></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?_<cr> FEEDBACK COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SOM_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix)	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active?_<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE.cec_ntf<cr> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-</cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV-</cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<lal><cr><lf> GOMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-activecec_ntf<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if< th=""><th>cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get</th><th>#CEC-MEMBERS?_1<cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing</cr></cr></cr></cr></th></if<></if></if></if></if></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></lal></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing</cr></cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr></cr></cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port.	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<lal><cr><lf> GOMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-activecec_ntf<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVEcec_ntf<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr=""><if< th=""><th>cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix') cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP</th><th>#CEC-MEMBERS?_1<cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr></th></if<></if></if></if></if></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></lal></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1 - 16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix') cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port. Get tunneling port routing. ① This command sets tunneling port routing. Every com	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<lal>,<lal><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active_cec_ntf<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><lf> COMMAND #COM-ROUTE?_com_id<cr> FEEDBACK FEEDBACK</cr></lf></cr></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></lal></lal></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr>
CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	addresses. Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port. Get tunneling port routing. ① This command sets tunneling port	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active_cec_ntf<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<="" snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if="" th=""><th>cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply</th><th>#CEC-MEMBERS?_1<cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr></th></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></lf></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr>
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CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE?	Set CEC notification activity (valid until the next power up). Get CEC notification activity status. Send CEC command to port. Set tunneling port routing. 1 This command sets tunneling port routing. Every com port can send or receive data from the ETH port. Set command can edit	#CEC-MEMBERS?_port_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-MEMBERS_port_index,<la1>,<la2><cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><command #cec-ntfy-active_cec_ntf<cr=""/> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC-NTFY-ACTIVE_cec_ntf<cr><if> COMMAND #CEC-SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_len,cec_command<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><lf> COMMAND #CEC- SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<cr><if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if> SND_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<="" snd_port_index,sn_id,cmd_name,cec_mode<if="" th=""><th>cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply 0 - COM port does not send replies to new clients 1 - COM port sends replies to new</th><th>#CEC-MEMBERS?_1<cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr></th></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></if></cr></lf></cr></if></cr></cr></if></cr></cr></cr></lf></cr></la2></la1></cr>	cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active cec_ntf - 0 - Inactive 1 - Active port_index - CEC port transmitting the command: 1 sn_id - 1 cmd_name - command name cec_len - 1-16 cec_command - CEC format command (in HEX format, no leading zeros, no '0x' prefix) cec_mode - CEC mode 0 - Sent 1 - Gateway disabled 2 - Inactive CEC-Master 3 - Busy 4 - Illegal Message Parameter 5 - Illegal CEC Address Parameter 6 - Illegal CEC Command 7 - Timeout 8 - Error com_id - Machine dependent, * (get all route tunnels) port_type - TCP/UDP 0 - TCP 1 - UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply 0 - COM port does not send replies to new clients 1 - COM port sends replies to new	#CEC-MEMBERS?_1 <cr> Enable CEC notification: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE_1<cr> Get CEC notification activity status:: #CEC-NTFY- ACTIVE?_<cr> Send TV-OFF CEC command to the HDBaseT port: #CEC-SND_1,1,TV- OFF,2,e004<cr> Get tunneling port routing for all route tunnels:</cr></cr></cr></cr>
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Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
COUNTER?	Get the sent or	COMMAND	category_id - CEC messages: 0	Get the number of sent
	received CEC messages count.	#COUNTER?_category_id,sub_category_id <cr></cr>	<pre>Sub_category_id - Type of message:</pre>	messages: #COUNTER?_0,0 <cr></cr>
	mosages count.	FEEDBACK	0 – Sent message	#COUNTER?_0,0CCR
		~nn@COUNTER_category_id,sub_category_id,count <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 - Received message count - Number range: 0-65535	
COUNTER-CLR	Clear CEC messages.	COMMAND	category_id - CEC messages: 0	Clear all CEC messages:
		#COUNTER-CLR?_category_id,sub_category_clr <cr></cr>	Sub_category_clr - Type of message to clear:	#COUNTER-CLR?_0, * <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@COUNTER-	0 – Clear sent messages	
		CLR_category_id,sub_category_id,count <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Clear received messages * – Clear all CEC messages	
CPEDID	Copy EDID data from	COMMAND	edid_io - EDID source type (usually	Copy the EDID data from
	the output to the input EEPROM.	#CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap <cr></cr>	output) 0 – Input	the HDBaseT Output to the HDMI Input:
		or	1 – Output	#CPEDID_1,1,0,0x1 <cr></cr>
	i Destination bitmap size depends on	<pre>#CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mode</pre>	2 – Default EDID	
	device properties (for	FEEDBACK	3- Custom EDID src id- Number of chosen source	
	64 inputs it is a 64-bit word).	~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap <cr><lf></lf></cr>	stage	
	Example: bitmap	<pre>~nn@CPEDID_edid_io,src_id,edid_io,dest_bitmap,safe_mo de<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	0 – Default EDID source 1 – HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN	
	0x0013 means inputs		2– HDMI IN	
	1,2 and 5 are loaded with the new EDID.		edid_io - EDID destination type 0- Input	
	In certain products		dest bitmap - Bitmap representing	
	Safe_mode is an		destination IDs. Format: XXXXX, where X is hex digit. The binary form of	
	optional parameter. See the HELP		every hex digit represents	
	command for its		corresponding destinations. 0 – indicates that EDID data is not	
	availability.		copied to this destination.	
			 1 – indicates that EDID data is copied to this destination. 	
			safe_mode - Safe mode (optional	
			parameter) 0 – device accepts the EDID as is	
			without trying to adjust (default	
			value if no parameter is sent) 1 – device tries to adjust the EDID	
CS-CONVERT	Set the "force RGB	COMMAND	out_index - The port number: 1	Enable force RGB color
	color space" convert mode.	#CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode <cr></cr>	cs_mode - color space mode: o 0 - Color space pass (default)	space: #CS-CONVERT_1,1 <cr></cr>
	mode.	FEEDBACK	1 – Enable "force RGB color	#CS-CONVERT_1,1CR
	0.11 "	~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	space" convert mode	0.17
CS-CONVERT?	Get the "force RGB color space" convert	COMMAND #CS-CONVERT?_out index <cr></cr>	<pre>out_index - The port number: 1 cs mode - color space mode:</pre>	Get force RGB color space mode:
	mode.	FEEDBACK	 0 – Color space pass (default) 	#CS-CONVERT?_1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@CS-CONVERT_out_index,cs_mode <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	 1 – Enable "force RGB color space" convert mode 	
DEV-STATE?	Get the device state.	COMMAND	dev_state - device state	Get device status:
		#DEV-STATE?_ <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	0 – Active 1 – Power-on and no connected AV	#DEV-STATE?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@DEV-STATE_dev state <cr><lf>'</lf></cr>	I/O ports (detecting cable connection faults)	
			2 – Power-on and standby (low	
			power; cables are either connected or not)	
DISPLAY?	Get output HPD	COMMAND	out_index - Number that indicates	Get the output HPD status
	status.	#DISPLAY?_out_index <cr></cr>	the specific output:	of Output 1: #DISPLAY?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@DISPLAY_out index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	status – HPD status according to signal validation	
			0 – Signal or sink is not valid	
			1 – Signal or sink is valid	
EDID-AUDIO	Set audio capabilities	COMMAND	2- Sink and EDID is valid The following attributes comprise the	Set HDMI IN 2 audio
	for EDID.	#EDID-AUDIO_ <direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_inde< td=""><td>signal ID:</td><td>capabilities for EDID (LPCM</td></port_inde<></port_format></direction_type>	signal ID:	capabilities for EDID (LPCM
		x>. <signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr></cr></index></signal_type>	- <direction_type> - Direction of the port:</direction_type>	6CH): #EDID-AUDIO_in.hdmi.2
		FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_ <direction type="">.<port format="">.<port i<="" td=""><td>o IN – Input</td><td>.audio.1,2<cr></cr></td></port></port></direction>	o IN – Input	.audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
		ndex>. <signal_type>.<index>,audio_format<cr><lf></lf></cr></index></signal_type>	OUT - Output<port format=""> - Type of signal</port>	
			on the port:	
			o HDMI	
			ANALOG_AUDIOUSB_C	
			<pre>-<port_index> - The port number</port_index></pre>	
			as printed on the front or rear panel	
			<pre>signal_type> - Signal ID</pre>	
			attribute: o AUDIO	
			<index> - Indicates a specific</index>	
			channel number when there are multiple channels of the same	
			type	
			<pre>audio_format - Audio block added to EDID:</pre>	
			0 – Auto	
			1 – LPCM 2CH	
			2- LPCM 6CH 3- LPCM 8CH	
			4 – Bitstream	
			5- HD	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
EDID-AUDIO?	Get audio capabilities for EDID.	#EDID-AUDIO?_ <direction_type>.<port_format>.<port_ind ex="">.<signal_type>.<index><cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-AUDIO_audio_format<<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></index></signal_type></port_ind></port_format></direction_type>	The following attributes comprise the signal ID: <pre></pre>	Get HDMI IN 2 audio capabilities for EDID: #EDID-AUDIO?_in.hdmi. 2.audio.1,2 <cr></cr>
EDID-DC	Force removal of deep color on EDID or leaving it as in the original EDID.	COMMAND #EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - Input 1 2 - Input 2 deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change 1 - Remove deep color	Remove deep color on EDID for input 1. #EDID-DC_1,1 <cr></cr>
EDID-DC?	Get deep color status on EDID.	#EDID-DC?_in_index <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@EDID-DC_in_index,deep_color_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	in_index - Number that indicates the specific input: 1 - Input 1 2 - Input 2 deep_color_state - 0 - Don't change 1 - Remove deep color	Get deep color state on EDID for input 2. #EDID-DC?_2 <cr></cr>
ETH-PORT	Set Ethernet port protocol. ① If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^16-1).	COMMAND #ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535)	Set the Ethernet port protocol for TCP to 12457: #ETH-PORT_TCP,12457 <c r=""></c>
ETH-PORT?	Get Ethernet port protocol. (i) If the port number you enter is already in use, an error is returned. The port number must be within the following range: 0-(2^416-1).	COMMAND #ETH-PORT?_port_type <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-PORT_port_type,port_id<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	port_type - TCP/UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number (0 - 65535)	Get the Ethernet port protocol for UDP: #ETH-PORT?_UDF <cr></cr>
ETH-TUNNEL?	Get an open tunnel parameters.	#ETH-TUNNEL?_tunnel_id <pre>GCR> FEEDBACK ~nn@ETH-TUNNEL_tunnel_id,cmd_name,port_type,port_id,e th_ip,remote_port_id,eth_rep_en,connection_type<cr><l f=""></l></cr></pre>	tunnel_id - Tunnel ID number, * (get all open tunnels) cmd_name - UART number port_type - TCP/UDP 0-TCP 1- UDP port_id - TCP/UDP port number eth_ip - Client IP address remote_port_id - Remote port number eth_rep_en - Ethernet Reply 0- COM port does not send replies to new clients 1- COM port sends replies to new clients connection_type - Connection type 0- not wired connection 1- wired connection	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #ETH-TUNNEL?_* <cr></cr>
FACTORY	Reset device to factory default configuration. (i) This command deletes all user data from the device. The deletion can take some time. Your device may require powering off and powering on for the changes to take effect.	COMMAND #FACTORY <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@FACTORY_ok<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>		Reset the device to factory default configuration: #FACTORY <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
FW-TYPE?	Get the current FW	COMMAND	Fw_type -	Get the current FW type
	type status.	#FW-TYPE?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Application 1 – Safe mode (kboot)	status: #FW-TYPE?_ <cr></cr>
	Used by Kramer Network and KUpload to identify recovery process.	FEEDBACK ~nn@FEATURE-LIST_fw_type <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
GLOBAL-GW- ACTIVE	Set global gateway to active / inactive.	#CLORAL CMLACULAR ababys (CR)	status – On/Off ON – Active	Set global gateway off:
ACTIVE	active / mactive.	#GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	Off – Inactive	#AUDIO-BYPASS_OFF <cr></cr>
	Oct alabal actions to	~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0.70%	Oct plakel peterson off
GLOBAL-GW- ACTIVE?	Set global gateway to active / inactive.	COMMAND #GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE? <cr></cr>	status - On/Off ON - Active	Get global gateway off: #AUDIO-BYPASS? <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GLOBAL-GW-ACTIVE_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	Off – Inactive	
GPIO-CFG	Set HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set HW GPIO 1
	configuration.	#GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir,pullup <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	2) gpio_type - Hardware GPIO type 0 - analog	configuration: #GPIO-CFG_1,1,1,1 <cr></cr>
		and dragged_ta/agrd_cree/agrd_dragged	1 – digital gpio_dir – Hardware GPIO direction 0 – input 1 – output pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable	
			1 – enable	
GPIO-CFG?	Get HW GPIO	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get HW GPIO configuration:
	configuration.	#GPIO-CFG?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2) gpio type – Hardware GPIO type	#GPIO-CFG?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-CFG_gpio_id,gpio_type,gpio_dir <cr><lf></lf></cr>	0 - analog 1 - digital gpio_dir - Hardware GPIO direction 0 - input	
			1 – output pullup – Enable/Disable pull-up 0 – disable 1 – enable	
GPIO-STATE	Set HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to High:
	GPIO-STATE? can only be set in digital out mode and the answer is 0=Low, 1=High. In all other modes an error message is sent.	<pre>#GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	2) gpio_mode - Hardware GPIO state 0 - Low 1 - High	#GPIO-STATE_2,1 <cr></cr>
	The device uses this command to notify the user of any change regarding the step and voltage in:			
	In digital mode the answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
GPIO-STATE?	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100. Get HW GPIO state.	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2 state:
	i GPIO-STATE? can only be set in digital out mode and the answer is 0=Low, 1=High. In all other modes an error message is sent.	#GPIO-STATE?_gpio_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-STATE_gpio_id,gpio_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	2) gpio_mode – Hardware GPIO state 0 – Low 1 – High	#GPIO-STATE?_2 <cr></cr>
	The device uses this command to notify the user of any change regarding the step and voltage in:			
	In digital mode the answer is 0 (low), 1 (high).			
GPIO-STEP	In analog mode the answer is 0 to 100. Set HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio id – HW GPIO number (1-2)	Set GPIO 2 (set to Analog
SIIO DIBE	i In digital mode the response is 2.	#GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nneGPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	step_id - The configuration step - See note in description. currentstep - The actual step	In) configuration step to 38mV: #GPIO-STEP_2,38 <cr></cr>
	In analog mode the response is 1 to 100.		depending on the measured voltage	
	In other modes an error is returned.			

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
GPIO-STEP?	Get HW GPIO step.	COMMAND	gpio_id - HW GPIO number (1-2)	Get GPIO 2configuration:
	(i) In digital mode the	#GPIO-STEP?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	step_id - The configuration step -	#GPIO-STEP?_2 <cr></cr>
	response is 2.	FEEDBACK	See note in description. currentstep – The actual step	
	In analog mode the response is 1 to 100.	~nn@GPIO-STEP_gpio_id,step_id,currentstep <cr><lf></lf></cr>	depending on the measured voltage	
	In other modes an error is returned.			
GPIO-THR	Set HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-	Set GPIO 2 to a low level of
	levels.	#GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr></cr>	2)	800mV and a high level of 2200mV:
		FEEDBACK	low_level - Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	#GPIO-
		~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	high_level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	THR_2,800,2200 <cr></cr>
GPIO-THR?	Get HW GPIO voltage	COMMAND	millivolts gpio id – Hardware GPIO number (1-	Get GPIO 2:
	levels that were set.	#GPIO-THR?_gpio_id <cr></cr>	2)	#GPIO-THR?_2 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	low_level - Voltage 500 to 28000 millivolts	
		~nn@GPIO-THR_gpio_id,low_level,high_level <cr><lf></lf></cr>	high level - Voltage 2000 to 30000	
			millivolts	0.10710.1
GPIO-VOLT?	Get active voltage levels of HW GPIO.	COMMAND GPIO-VOLT?_gpio id <cr></cr>	gpio_id - Hardware GPIO number (1-2)	Get GPIO 1 voltage: #GPIO-VOLT?_1 <cr></cr>
			voltage - Voltage 0 to 30000	#GPIO-VOLI : LICK
	i This command is not available in digital	FEEDBACK ~nn@GPIO-VOLT_gpio_id,voltage <cr><lf></lf></cr>	millivolts	
	out mode.			
HDCP-MOD	Set HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Set the input HDCP-MODE
	(i) Get HDCP working	#HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	of HDMI IN to off: #HDCP-MOD. 2, 0 < CR>
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK	2 – HDMI IN	
	input:	~nn@HDCP-MOD_in_index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	mode – HDCP mode:	
	HDCP supported –		0 – HDCP Off 1 – HDCP On	
	HDCP ON [default].		2 – Follow Input	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		HDCP defined according to the connected output	
	HDCP support			
	changes following detected sink -			
	MIRROR OUTPUT.			
HDCP-MOD?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Get the input HDCP-MODE of HDMI IN:
	(i) Get HDCP working	#HDCP-MOD?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN	#HDCP-MOD?_2 <cr></cr>
	mode on the device	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-MOD_in index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI IN	
	input:	ingliber Mobilitinate Aymode Colo (III)	mode – HDCP mode: 0 – HDCP Off	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		1 – HDCP On	
			2 – Follow Input	
	HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.		3 – HDCP defined according to the connected output	
	HDCP support			
	changes following detected sink -			
	MIRROR OUTPUT.			0.44
HDCP-OUT	Set HDCP mode.	#HDCP-OUT_out index,mode <cr></cr>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific input:	Set the output HDCP mode of HDBaseT OUT to follow
	(i) Get HDCP working	FEEDBACK	1 – HDBaset OUT	input:
	mode on the device input:	~nn@HDCP-OUT_out index,mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	mode – HDCP mode:	#HDCP-OUT_1,0 <cr></cr>
	· .		0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output	
	HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].		signal is always HDCP-encrypted,	
	HDCP not supported -		regardless of input HDCP)	
	HDCP support changes following			
1	detected sink -			
Ī		1		Cat the autout
HDCD OVER	MIRROR OUTPUT.	COMMAND	out index - Number that indicates	
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode.	COMMAND #HDCP-OUT?_out index <cr></cr>	<pre>out_index - Number that indicates the specific input:</pre>	Get the output HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working	COMMAND #HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode.	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr></cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode:	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input:	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported –	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted,	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default].	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the Specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported –	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted,	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default]. HDCP not supported -	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted,	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :
HDCP-OUT?	Get HDCP mode. (i) Get HDCP working mode on the device input: HDCP supported – HDCP ON [default]. HDCP not supported - HDCP OFF.	#HDCP-OUT?_out_index <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	the specific input: 1 – HDBaset OUT mode – HDCP mode: 0 – Follow Input 1 – HDCP always ON (i.e. output signal is always HDCP-encrypted,	HDCP-MODE of HDBaseT OUT :

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
HDCP-STAT?	Get HDCP signal	COMMAND	io_mode - Input/Output	Get the HDCP status of the
	status of a connected device.	#HDCP-STAT?_io_mode,in_index <cr></cr>	0 – Input 1 – Output	source device connected to USB-C IN:
	(i) io_mode =1 - get	FEEDBACK ~nn@HDCP-STAT_io mode,in index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	io_index - Number that indicates the	#HDCP-STAT?_0,1 <cr></cr>
	the HDCP signal	"Intelliber STAT_TO_mode, IT_Index, status Covering	specific number of inputs or outputs	
	status of the sink		(based on io_mode): 1 – HDBaseT OUT or USB-C IN	
	device connected to the specified output.		2 – HDMI IN	
			status - Signal encryption status -	
	io_mode =0 - get the HDCP signal status of		valid values On/Off: 0 – HDCP Off	
	the source device		1– HDCP On	
	connected to the specified input.			
HELP	Get command list or	COMMAND	cmd_name - Name of a specific	Get the command list:
	help for specific command.	#HELP <cr></cr>	command	#HELP <cr></cr>
	command.	#HELP_cmd_name <cr></cr>		To get help for
		FEEDBACK		AV-SW-TIMEOUT:
		1. Multi-line: ~nn@Device_cmd name,_cmd name <cr><lf></lf></cr>		HELP_av-sw-timeout <c< td=""></c<>
		To get help for command use: HELP (COMMAND_NAME) <cr><lf></lf></cr>		R>
		~nn@HELP_cmd_name: <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		description <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		USAGE:usage <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
IDV	Set visual indication	COMMAND		#IDV <cr></cr>
	from device.	#IDV <cr></cr>		
	(i) Using this	FEEDBACK		
	command, some devices can light a	~nn@IDV_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	sequence of buttons or			
	LEDs to allow identification of a			
	specific device from			
_	similar devices.	COMMAND	North and the disease of the	0
IR-SND	Send IR command to port.	#IR-SND_ir index,sn id,cmd name,repeat amount,total p	<pre>ir_index - Number that indicates the specific ir port:</pre>	Send IR command to port: #IR-SND_1,1,1,1,1,1,1
		ackages,package_id, <pronto command=""><cr></cr></pronto>	1-N (N= the total number of inputs)	<cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	* - broadcasts to all ports sn id - Serial number of command for	
		~nn@IR-SND_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	flow control and response commands	
			from device cmd_name - Command name (length	
			limit 15 chars)	
			repeat_amount - Of times the IR	
			command is transmitted (limited to 50; repeats > 50 are	
			truncated to 50), default = 1	
			total_packages - Number of messages the original command was	
			divided into, default = 1	
			<pre>package_id - Chunk serial number (only valid when Total_packages >1)</pre>	
			pronto command – Pronto format	
			command (in HEX format, no leading	
			zeros, no '0x' prefix) ir status – IR Status	
			0- Sent (no error)	
			1 – Stop 2 – Done	
			2 – Done 3 – Busy	
			4 – Wrong Parameter	
			5 – Nothing to Stop	
			6 – Start 7 – Timeout	
			8 – Error	
IR-STOP	Send IR stop	COMMAND	ir_index - Number that indicates the	Send IR stop command to
	command to port.	#IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name <cr></cr>	specific ir port: 1-N (N= the total number of inputs)	IR Port 2: #IR-
		FEEDBACK	* - broadcasts to all ports	STOP_2,1,power <cr></cr>
		~nn@IR-STOP_ir_index,sn_id,cmd_name,ir_status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	sn_id - Serial number of command for flow control and response commands	
			from device	
			cmd_name - String: IR command name	
			limited to 15 chars. Controlling device must send the correct name (white	
			space or commas forbidden)	
			ir_status - IR Status 0- Sent (no error)	
			1 – Stop	
			2- Done	
			3 – Busy 4 – Wrong Parameter	
			5 – Nothing to Stop	
			6 – Start	
			7 – Timeout	
			8 – Error	

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
LABEL	Set input/output label	COMMAND #LABEL_io mode,io index,switch,label txt <cr></cr>	io_ mode – Number that indicates the specific input:	Set the HDMI input label on:
		#LABEL_10_mode,10_index,switch,label_txt <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	0 – Input	#LABEL_0,2,0,hdmi <cr></cr>
		~nn@LABEL_io mode,io index,switch,label txt <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Output	
			io_index - Number that indicates the specific input:	
			For inputs –	
			1 – USB-C IN 1 2 – HDMI IN 2	
			2 – HDMI IN 2 3 – HDMI IN 3	
			For output	
			1 – HDMI output switch – 0	
			label txt - Custom label string	
			between 1 and 32 (at least one	
LABEL?	Get input/output label	COMMAND	character and not bigger than 32). io mode – Number that indicates the	Get the HDMI input label:
HABEL!	Got input output labor	#LABEL?_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt <cr></cr>	specific input:	#LABEL?_0,2,0,hdmi <cr< td=""></cr<>
		FEEDBACK	0 – Input 1 – Output	>
		~nn@LABEL_io_mode,io_index,switch,label_txt <cr><lf></lf></cr>	io index – Number that indicates the	
			specific input:	
			For inputs – 1 – USB-C IN 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3	
			For output 1 – HDMI output	
			switch - 0	
			label_txt - Custom label string between 1 and 32 (at least one	
			character and not bigger than 32).	
LOCK-EDID	Lock last read EDID.	COMMAND	label string in index – Number that indicates the	Lock the last read EDID
LOCK-EDID	LOCK last read LDID.	#LOCK-EDID_in index,lock mode <cr></cr>	specific input:	from input 2:
		FEEDBACK	1 – USB-C IN 2 – HDMI IN	#LOCK-EDID_2,1 <cr></cr>
		~nn@LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	lock mode - On/Off	
			0 – Off unlocks EDID	
LOCK-EDID?	Get EDID Lock status.	COMMAND	1 – On locks EDID in index – Number that indicates the	Get input 2 Lock EDID
BOCK EDID:	Cot 2515 2001 otatao.	#LOCK-EDID?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input:	status:
		FEEDBACK	1 – USB-C IN 2 – HDMI IN	#LOCK-EDID?_2 <cr></cr>
		~nn@LOCK-EDID_in_index,lock_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	lock mode - On/Off	
			0 – Off unlocks EDID	
LOG-TAIL?	Get the list of the N	COMMAND	1 – On locks EDID last event – the number of last	Get the protocol permission
LOG THIL:	last events.	#LOG-TAIL?_last_event <cr></cr>	events to view <n 1,2,3="" ==""></n>	level to Admin:
		FEEDBACK		#LOG-TAIL?_8 <cr></cr>
		~nn@LOG-TAIL_last_event,ok, <list><cr><lf></lf></cr></list>		
LOGIN	Set protocol permission.	COMMAND #LOGIN_login level,password <cr></cr>	<pre>login_level - Level of permissions required (User or Admin)</pre>	Set the protocol permission level to Admin (when the
	·	FEEDBACK	password – Predefined password (by	password defined in the
	The permission system works only if	~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>	PASS command). Default password is an empty string	PASS command is 33333): #LOGIN_admin,33333 <cr< td=""></cr<>
	security is enabled	or	an empty enting	>
	with the "SECUR" command.	~nn@LOGIN_err_004 <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		(if bad password entered)		
	LOGIN allows the user to run commands with			
	an End User or Administrator			
	permission level.			
	When the permission			
	system is enabled, LOGIN enables			
	running commands with the User or			
	Administrator			
	permission level			
	When set, login must be performed upon			
	each connection			
	It is not mandatory to			
	enable the permission system in order to use			
	the device			
	In each device, some			
	connections allow			
İ	logging in to different levels. Some do not			
			•	1
	work with security at			
	work with security at all. Connection may			

Function LOGIN?	Description Get protocol permission state. i The permission system works only if security is enabled with the "SECUR" command. LOGIN allows the user to run commands with an End User or Administrator permission level. When the permission system is enabled, LOGIN enables running commands with the User or Administrator permission level When set, login must be performed upon each connection It is not mandatory to enable the permission system in order to use the device	Syntax COMMAND #LOGIN_login_level <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGIN_login_level,password_ok<cr><lf> or ~nn@LOGIN_err_004<cr><lf> (if bad password entered)</lf></cr></lf></cr></cr>	Parameters/Attributes login_level - Level of permissions required (User or Admin) password - Predefined password (by PASS command). Default password is an empty string or NO SECURE if authentication is removed.	Example Get the protocol permission level to Admin: #LOGIN?_admin <cr></cr>
	In each device, some connections allow logging in to different levels. Some do not work with security at all. Connection may logout after timeout.			
LOGOUT	Cancel current permission level. (i) Logs out from End User or Administrator permission levels to Not Secure.	#LOGOUT <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@LOGOUT_ok<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>		#LOGOUT <cr></cr>
MODEL?	Get device model.	GOMMAND #MODEL?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@MODEL_model_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	model_name - String of up to 19 printable ASCII chars	Get the device model: #MODEL?_ <cr></cr>
NAME	Set machine (DNS) name. (i) The machine name is not the same as the model name. The machine name is used to identify a specific machine or a network in use (with DNS feature on).	#NAME_machine_name <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME_machine_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	machine_name — String of up to 15 alpha-numeric chars (can include hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	Set the DNS name of the device to room-442: #NAME_room-442 <cr></cr>
NAME?	Get machine (DNS) name. (i) The machine name is not the same as the model name. The machine name is used to identify a specific machine or a network in use (with DNS feature on).	COMMAND #NAME?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME_machine_name<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	machine_name — String of up to 15 alpha-numeric chars (can include hyphen, not at the beginning or end)	Get the DNS name of the device: #NAME?_ <cr></cr>
NAME-RST	Reset machine (DNS) name to factory default. (i) Factory default of machine (DNS) name is "KRAMER_" + 4 last digits of device serial number.	COMMAND #NAME-RST FEEDBACK ~nn@NAME-RST_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		Reset the machine name (S/N last digits are 0102): #NAME- RST_kramer_0102 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-CONFIG	Set a network	COMMAND	netw_id = 0	Set the device network
	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway,[dns1],[d ns2]<cr></cr></pre>	net_ip - Network IP net_mask - Network mask	parameters to IP address 192.168.113.10, net mask
	Parameters	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	255.255.0.0, and gateway
	[DNS1] and	~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw id,net ip,net mask,gateway <cr><lf< td=""><td>3</td><td>192.168.0.1:</td></lf<></cr>	3	192.168.0.1:
	[DNS2] are optional.	> Interest - configuration and interest - con		#NET-CONFIG_0,192.168 .113.10,255.255.0.0,1
	For Backward			92.168.0.1 <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id			
	parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by			
	default, is 0, which is			
	the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	i If the gateway			
	address is not			
	compliant to the subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the			
	command will return			
	an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy specified by RFC950.			
NET-CONFIG?	Get a network	COMMAND	netw_id-0	Get the device network
	configuration.	<pre>#NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway,[dns1],[d</pre>	net_ip - Network IP	parameters:
	(i) Parameters	ns2] <cr></cr>	net_mask - Network mask	#NET-CONFIG?_0 <cr></cr>
	[DNS1] and	FEEDBACK	gateway - Network gateway	
	[DNS2] are optional.	<pre>~nn@NET-CONFIG_netw_id,net_ip,net_mask,gateway<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>		
	For Backward			
	compatibility, the id			
	parameter can be			
	omitted. In this case,			
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is			
	the Ethernet control			
	port.			
	i If the gateway			
	address is not			
	compliant to the			
	subnet mask used for			
	the host IP, the command will return			
	an error. Subnet and			
	gateway compliancy specified by RFC950.			
NET-DHCP?	Get DHCP mode.	COMMAND	netw id - Network ID-the device	Get DHCP mode for port 1:
	O	#NET-DHCP?_netw_id <cr></cr>	network interface (if there are more	#NET-DHCP?_1 <cr></cr>
	For Backward compatibility, the id	FEEDBACK	than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the control port is '0',	
	parameter can be	~nn@NET-DHCP_netw_id,dhcp_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	additional ports are 1,2,3	
	omitted. In this case,		dhcp_state -	
	the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is		0- Do not use DHCP. Use the IP set by the factory or using the net-	
	the Ethernet control		ip or net-config command.	
	port.		1 – Try to use DHCP. If unavailable,	
			use the IP set by the factory or	
			using the net-ip or net- config command.	
NET-GATE	Set gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the gateway IP address
ALI GAIE	_	#NET-GATE_ip_address <cr></cr>		to 192.168.0.1:
	A network gateway	FEEDBACK		#NET-
	connects the device via another network	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		GATE_192.168.000.001<
	and maybe over the			CRO
	Internet. Be careful of			
	security issues. For proper settings consult			
	your network			
NET-GATE?	administrator. Get gateway IP.	COMMAND	ip address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the gateway IP address:
HLI GAIE!	A network gateway	#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>		#NET-GATE?_ <cr></cr>
	connects the device	FEEDBACK		
	via another network and maybe over the	~nn@NET-GATE_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	Internet. Be aware of			
	security problems.	COMMAND		Cat the ID add t-
NET-IP	Set IP address.	COMMAND #NET-IP_ip_address <cr></cr>	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the IP address to 192.168.1.39:
	i For proper settings			#NET-
	consult your network administrator.	FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-IP_ip address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		IP_192.168.001.039 <cr< td=""></cr<>
			_	>
NET-IP?	Get IP address.	COMMAND	ip_address - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the IP address: #NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>
		#NET-IP?_ <cr></cr>		WINE I'M GOOD
		FEEDBACK		
		~nn@NET-IP_ip_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>		

Function	Description	Symtox	Parameters/Attributes	Example
NET-MAC?	Get MAC address. • For backward	Syntax COMMAND #NET-MAC?_id <cr> FEEDBACK</cr>	id – Network ID–the device network interface (if there are more than one). Counting is 0 based, meaning the	#NET-MAC?_id <cr></cr>
	compatibility, the id parameter can be omitted. In this case, the Network ID, by default, is 0, which is the Ethernet control port.	~nn@NET-MAC_id,mac_address <cr><lf></lf></cr>	control port is '0', additional ports are 1,2,3 mac_address – Unique MAC address. Format: XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX where X is hex digit	
NET-MASK	Set subnet mask. (i) For proper settings consult your network administrator.	COMMAND #NET-MASK_net_mask <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Set the subnet mask to 255.255.0.0: #NET- MASK_255.255.000.000<
NET-MASK?	Get subnet mask.	COMMAND #NET-MASK?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@NET-MASK_net_mask<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	net_mask - Format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx	Get the subnet mask: #NET-MASK? <cr></cr>
PASS	Set password for login level. (i) The default password is an empty string.	COMMAND #PASS_login_level,password <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	login_level – Level of login to set (End User or Administrator). password – Password for the login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII chars	Set the password for the Admin protocol permission level to 33333: #PASS_admin,33333 <cr></cr>
PASS?	Get password for login level. (i) The default password is an empty string.	#PASS_login_level <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PASS_login_level,password<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	login_level - Level of login to set (End User or Administrator). password - Password for the login_level. Up to 15 printable ASCII chars	Get the password for the Admin protocol permission: #PASS?_admin <cr></cr>
PORTS-LIST?	Get the port list of this machine. 1 The response is returned in one line and terminated with <cr><lf>. The response format lists port IDs separated by commas. This is an Extended Protocol 3000</lf></cr>	<pre>COMMAND #PORTS-LIST?_<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PORTS-LIST_[<direction_type>.<port_format>. <port_index>,,]<cr><lf></lf></cr></port_index></port_format></direction_type></cr></pre>	The following attributes comprise the port ID: <pre></pre>	Get the ports list: #PORTS-LIST?_ <cr></cr>
PRG-ACTION	command. Add new user command. Programs matrix action as a response for external event (programmable button pressed).	#PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum, type, name, command<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	commandNum - Command number 0 to 4 type - External programmable button cec name - Bitmap representing command - External programmable button ID	Add a new user command: #PRG- ACTION_1,3,1,0 <cr></cr>
PRG-ACTION?	Add new user command. i Programs matrix action as a response for external event (programmable button pressed).	COMMAND #PRG-ACTION?_commandNum <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRG-ACTION_commandNum,type,name,command<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	commandNum - Command number 0 - Input 1 - Output type - External programmable button ID name - Bitmap representing command - External programmable button ID	Add a new user command: #PRG- ACTION?_0,3,1,0 <cr></cr>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRG-BTN-	Set program button	COMMAND	btnNum - Button number 0 to 4	Set the DISPLAY ON button
ACTION	mode	#PROG-BTN-	1 and 2 are enabled when remote button is (mode) On	to mute/unmute with the press of a button:
		MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior <cr></cr>	1 – IO 1 button	#PROG-BTN-
		FEEDBACK ~nn@PROG-BTN-	2-IO 2 button	MOD_3,1,104,105,0 <cr></cr>
		MOD_btnNum,mode,actionOn,actionOff,btnBehavior <cr><lf< td=""><td>3 – Display On button</td><td></td></lf<></cr>	3 – Display On button	
		>	mode – Remote button state	
			0 – Off	
			1-On actionOn-	
			100 – None	
			101 – Switch Input	
			102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute	
			105 – Unmute 106 – Volume ++	
			107 – Volume	
			0 – Command_01	
			1 - Command_02	
			2 – Command_03	
			3 – Command_04	
			4 – Custom 5	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None	
			101 – Switch Input	
			102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute	
			105 – Unmute	
			106 – Volume ++ 107 – Volume	
			0 – Command_01	
			1 – Command_02	
			2 - Command_03	
			3 - Command_04	
			4 – Custom 5	
			btnBehavior – Button_mode 0 – Momentary mode disabled	
			1 – Momentary mode enabled	
PROG-BTN-	Get programmable	COMMAND	btnNum - Button number 0 to 4	Get the mode of button 3:
MOD?	buttons mode	#PROG-BTN-MOD? <cr></cr>	1 and 2 are enabled when remote	#PROG-BTN-MOD?_3 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	button is (mode) On	
		~nn@PROG-BTN-MOD_button_mode <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – IO 1 button 2 – IO 2 button	
			3 – Display On button	
			mode – Remote button state	
			0 – Off	
			1 – On	
			actionOn -	
			100 – None 101 – Switch Input	
			102 – Display On (via CEC)	
			103 – Display Off (via CEC)	
			104 – Mute	
			105 – Unmute	
			106 – Volume ++	
			107 – Volume 0 – Command_01	
			1 – Command_01	
			2 – Command_03	
			3 - Command_04	
•			4 – Custom 5	
			actionOff - Button_mode	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC)	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode	
			actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled	
DDTODYMV	Set input priority	COMMAND	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled	Set the priority to first HDMI
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	COMMAND #PRIORITY_layer type, priority 1, priority 2, priority 3	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled	Set the priority to first HDMI 2, USB-C 1 second and
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	COMMAND #PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 CCR>	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2)	2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third:
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	#PRIORITY_ layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1	2, USB-C 1 second and
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>#PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priorit</cr></pre>	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1 2 - HDMI 2	2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third:
PRIORITY	Set input priority.	<pre>#PRIORITY_layer_type,priority_1,priority_2,priority_3 <cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	actionOff - Button_mode 100 - None 101 - Switch Input 102 - Display On (via CEC) 103 - Display Off (via CEC) 104 - Mute 105 - Unmute 106 - Volume ++ 107 - Volume 0 - Command_01 1 - Command_02 2 - Command_03 3 - Command_04 4 - Custom 5 btnBehavior - Button_mode 0 - Momentary mode disabled 1 - Momentary mode enabled layer_type - Layer Enumeration 1 - Video priority - Priority of inputs (1-2) 1 - USB-C 1	2, USB-C 1 second and HDMI 3 third:

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
PRIORITY?	Set input priority.	COMMAND	layer_type – Layer Enumeration 1 – Video	Get the input priority: #PRIORITY?_1 <cr></cr>
		<pre>#PRIORITY?_layer_type<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	priority – Priority of inputs (1-2)	#PRIORITI?_ICK
		~nn@PRIORITY_layer type,priority 1,priority 2,priorit	1 – USB-C 1	
		y_3 <cr><lf></lf></cr>	2 – HDMI 2 3 – HDMI 3	
PROT-VER?	Get device protocol	COMMAND	version – XX.XX where X is a	Get the device protocol
	version.	#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>	decimal digit	version:
		FEEDBACK		#PROT-VER?_ <cr></cr>
RESET	Reset device.	~nn@PROT-VER_3000:version <cr><lf> COMMAND</lf></cr>		Reset the device:
RESET		#RESET <cr></cr>		#RESET <cr></cr>
	To avoid locking the port due to a USB	FEEDBACK		
	bug in Windows,	~nn@RESET_ok <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	disconnect USB connections			
	immediately after			
	running this command. If the port was locked,			
	disconnect, and reconnect the cable to			
	reopen the port.			
ROUTE	Set layer routing.	COMMAND	layer_type Layer Enumeration 1 – Video	Route video input 2 to the output:
	i This command	#ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr></cr>	1 – Video 5 – USB	#ROUTE_1,1,2 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other routing commands.	FEEDBACK ~nn@ROUTE_layer type,out index,in index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	out_index	
	Touring Communics.		1 – Output in index –	
			Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1 2 – HDMI IN 2	
			3 – HDMI IN 3	
ROUTE?	Get layer routing state.	COMMAND	layer_type Layer Enumeration	Get video routing output:
	(i) This command	#ROUTE?_layer_type,out_index <cr></cr>	1 – Video 5 – USB	#ROUTE?_1,1 <cr></cr>
	replaces all other	FEEDBACK	out index	
	routing commands.	~nn@ROUTE_layer_type,out_index,in_index <cr><lf></lf></cr>	1 – Output	
			in_index - Source id for Video:	
			1 – USB-C 1	
			2 – HDMI IN 2 3 – HDMI IN 3	
SECUR	Start/stop security.	COMMAND	security_state - Security state	Enable the permission
	(i) The permission	#SECUR_security_state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security)	system: #SECUR_1 <cr></cr>
	system works only if	FEEDBACK	1 – ON (enables security)	#SECUR_ICCR
	security is enabled with the "SECUR"	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	command.	COMMAND	security state - Security state	Enable the permission
SECUR?	Get security state.	#SECUR?_security state <cr></cr>	0 – OFF (disables security) 1 – ON (enables security)	system: #SECUR?_ <cr></cr>
	i The permission system works only if	FEEDBACK		
	security is enabled	~nn@SECUR_security_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
	with the "SECUR" command.			
SIGNAL?	Get input signal status.	COMMAND	in_index - Number that indicates the	Get the input signal lock
		#SIGNAL?_in_index <cr></cr>	specific input: 1 – USB-C IN 1	status of IN 1: #SIGNAL?_1 <cr></cr>
		FEEDBACK	2 – HDMI IN 2	" O TOMME: LITTORY
		~nn@SIGNAL_in_index,status <cr><lf></lf></cr>	3 – HDMI IN 3	
			status - Signal status according to signal validation:	
			0 – Off	
CNO	Get device serial	COMMAND	1 – On serial num – 14 decimal digits,	Get the device serial
SN?	number.	#SN?_ <cr></cr>	factory assigned	number:
		FEEDBACK		#SN?_ <cr></cr>
		~nn@SN_serial_num <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
TIME	Set device time and date.	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of	Set device time and date to December 5, 2020 at
		<pre>#TIME_day_of_week,date,data<cr> FEEDBACK</cr></pre>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: DD-MM-YYYY.	2:30pm:
	i The year must be 4 digits.	~nn@TIME_day of week,date,data <cr><lf></lf></cr>	data - Format: hh:mm:ss where	#TIME_mon_05-12-
			hh = hours mm = minutes	2020,14:30:00 <cr></cr>
	The device does not validate the day of		ss = seconds	
	week from the date.			
	Time format - 24			
	hours.			
	Date format - Day,			
	Month, Year.]	<u> </u>

Function	Description	Syntax	Parameters/Attributes	Example
TIME?	Get device time and	COMMAND	day_of_week - One of	Get device time and date:
	date.	#TIME?_ <cr></cr>	{SUN,MON,TUE,WED,THU,FRI,SAT} date - Format: YYYY/MM/DD where	#TIME? <cr></cr>
	The year must be 4	FEEDBACK	YYYY = Year	
	digits. The device does not validate the day of	~nn@TIME_day_of_week,date,data <cr><lf></lf></cr>	MM = Month DD = Day data - Format: hh:mm:ss where hh = hours	
	week from the date. Time format - 24		mm = minutes ss = seconds	
	hours. Date format - Day, Month, Year.			
TIME-LOC	Set local time offset	COMMAND	utc off - Offset of device time from	Set local time offset to 3
	from UTC/GMT.	#TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr></cr>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time correction)	with no daylight-saving time:
	(1) If the time server is configured, device time calculates by adding UTC_off to UTC time (that it got from the time server) + 1 hour if daylight savings time is in effect.	FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dst_state - Daylight saving time state 0 - no daylight saving time 1 - daylight saving time	#TIME-LOC_3,0 <cr></cr>
	TIME command sets the device time without considering these settings.			
TIME-LOC?	Get local time offset from UTC/GMT.	COMMAND	utc_off - Offset of device time from	Get local time offset from
	if the time server is configured, device time calculates by	#TIME-LOC?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-LOC_utc_off,dst_state<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	UTC/GMT (without daylight time correction) dst_state - Daylight saving time state 0 - no daylight saving time	UTC/GMT: #TIME-LOC? <cr></cr>
	adding UTC_off to UTC time (that it got from the time server) + 1 hour if daylight savings time is in effect.		1 – daylight saving time	
	TIME command sets the device time without considering these settings.			
TIME-SRV	Set time server.	COMMAND	mode – On/Off 0 – Off	Set time server with IP address of 128.138.140.44
	(†) This command is needed for setting UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>#TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	1 – On time_server_ip – Time server IP address sync_hour – Hour in day for time server sync server status – On/Off	to ON: #TIME- SRV_1,128.138.140.44, 0,1 <cr></cr>
TIME-SRV?	Get time server.	COMMAND	mode - On/Off	Get time server:
	(i) This command is	#TIME-SRV?_ <cr></cr>	0 – Off	#TIME-SRV? <cr></cr>
	needed for setting	FEEDBACK	1-On time server ip-Time server IP	
	UDP timeout for the current client list.	<pre>~nn@TIME-SRV_mode,time_server_ip,sync_hour,server_sta tus<cr><lf></lf></cr></pre>	address sync_hour - Hour in day for time server sync server status - On/Off	
UART	Set com port configuration.	COMMAND #UART_com id,baud rate,data bits,parity,stop bits mod	com_id-1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate-9600 - 115200	Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and
	i In the FC-2x the serial port is selectable to RS-232 or RS-485 (usually serial port 1).	<pre>#UAKY_com id, Daud_rate, data_bits, parity, stop_bits_mod e, serial_type, 485_term<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@UART_com_id, baud_rate, data_bits, parity, stop_bits_ mode, serial_type, 485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even	stop bit to 1: #UART_9600,8,node,1 <c< td=""></c<>
	If Serial is configured when RS-485 is selected, the RS-485 UART port automatically changes.		3-Mark 4-Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0-232	
	The command is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to.		1 – 485 485 _ term – 485 termination state 0 – disable 1 – enable (optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)	
	RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5			
	data_bits.		1	I

Function UART?	Description Get com port configuration. The commad is backward compatible, meaning that if the extra parameters do not exist, FW goes to. RS-232. Stop_bits 1.5 is only relevant for 5 data_bits.	Syntax COMMAND #UART?_com_id <cr> FEEDBACK ~nneUART_com_id,baud_rate,data_bits,parity,stop_bits_ mode,serial_type,485_term<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	Parameters/Attributes com_id - 1 to n (machine dependent) baud_rate - 9600 - 115200 data_bits - 5-8 parity - Parity Type 0 - No 1 - Odd 2 - Even 3 - Mark 4 - Space stop_bits_mode - 1/1.5/2 serial_type - 232/485 0 - 232 1 - 485 485_term - 485 termination state 0 - disable 1 - enable (optional - this exists only when serial_type is 485)	Example Set baud rate to 9600, 8 data bits, parity to none and stop bit to 1: #UART_1,9600,8,node,1 <cr></cr>
USB-FV	Set USB autos- witching mode.	COMMAND #USB-FV_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USB-FV_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Set auto-switching mode to ON: #USB-FV_1 <cr></cr>
USB-FV?	Get USB auto- switching mode.	COMMAND #USB-FV?_mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USB-FV_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Set auto-switching mode to ON: #USB-FV_1 <cr></cr>
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE	Set USB device auto- disconnection mode	#USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_USBDevice, mode <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice - USB device number 1 - USB Device 1 2 - USB Device 2 3 - USB Device 3 4 - USB Device 4 mode - On/Off 0 - Off 1 - On	Set USB Device 1 polycom mode to ON: #USBA_DISCONNECT- MODE_1,1 <cr></cr>
USBA- DISCONNECT- MODE?	Get USB device auto- disconnection mode	GOMMAND #USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE?_USBDevice <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@USBA-DISCONNECT-MODE_mode<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	USBDevice – USB device number 1 – USB Device 1 2 – USB Device 2 3 – USB Device 3 4 – USB Device 4 mode – On/Off 0 – Off 1 – On	Get USB Device 1 polycom mode: #USBA-DISCONNECT- MODE?_1 <cr></cr>
VERSION?	Get firmware version number.	COMMAND #VERSION?_ <cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VERSION_firmware_version<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr>	firmware_version – XX.XX.XXXX where the digit groups are: major.minor.build version	Get the device firmware version number: #VERSION? <cr></cr>
VMUTE	Set enable/disable video on output. ① Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	<pre>#VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Disable the video output on output: #VMUTE_1,0 <cr></cr>
VMUTE?	Get video on output status. (i) Video mute parameter 2 (blank picture) is not supported.	<pre>COMMAND #VMUTE?_out_index<cr> FEEDBACK ~nn@VMUTE_out_index,flag<cr><lf></lf></cr></cr></pre>	out_index - Number that indicates the specific output - 1 flag - Video Mute 0 - Video enabled 1 - Video disabled 2 - Blank picture	Get video on output status: #VMUTE?_1 <cr></cr>

Result and Error Codes

Syntax

In case of an error, the device responds with an error message. The error message syntax:

- ~NN@ERR XXX<CR><LF> when general error, no specific command
- ~NN@CMD ERR XXX<CR><LF> for specific command
- **NN** machine number of device, default = 01
- XXX error code

Error Codes

Error Name	Error Code	Description
P3K_NO_ERROR	0	No error
ERR_PROTOCOL_SYNTAX	1	Protocol syntax
ERR_COMMAND_NOT_AVAILABLE	2	Command not available
ERR_PARAMETER_OUT_OF_RANGE	3	Parameter out of range
ERR_UNAUTHORIZED_ACCESS	4	Unauthorized access
ERR_INTERNAL_FW_ERROR	5	Internal FW error
ERR_BUSY	6	Protocol busy
ERR_WRONG_CRC	7	Wrong CRC
ERR_TIMEDOUT	8	Timeout
ERR_RESERVED	9	(Reserved)
ERR_FW_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	10	Not enough space for data (firmware, FPGA)
ERR_FS_NOT_ENOUGH_SPACE	11	Not enough space – file system
ERR_FS_FILE_NOT_EXISTS	12	File does not exist
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_CREATED	13	File can't be created
ERR_FS_FILE_CANT_OPEN	14	File can't open
ERR_FEATURE_NOT_SUPPORTED	15	Feature is not supported
ERR_RESERVED_2	16	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_3	17	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_4	18	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_5	19	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_6	20	(Reserved)
ERR_PACKET_CRC	21	Packet CRC error
ERR_PACKET_MISSED	22	Packet number isn't expected (missing packet)
ERR_PACKET_SIZE	23	Packet size is wrong
ERR_RESERVED_7	24	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_8	25	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_9	26	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_10	27	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_11	28	(Reserved)
ERR_RESERVED_12	29	(Reserved)
ERR_EDID_CORRUPTED	30	EDID corrupted
ERR_NON_LISTED	31	Device specific errors
ERR_SAME_CRC	32	File has the same CRC – not changed
ERR_WRONG_MODE	33	Wrong operation mode
ERR_NOT_CONFIGURED	34	Device/chip was not initialized

The warranty obligations of Kramer Electronics Inc. ("Kramer Electronics") for this product are limited to the terms set forth below:

What is Covered

This limited warranty covers defects in materials and workmanship in this product.

What is Not Covered

This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from any alteration, modification, improper or unreasonable use or maintenance, misuse, abuse, accident, neglect, exposure to excess moisture, fire, improper packing and shipping (such claims must be presented to the carrier), lightning, power surges, or other acts of nature. This limited warranty does not cover any damage, deterioration or malfunction resulting from the installation or removal of this product from any installation, any unauthorized tampering with this product, any repairs attempted by anyone unauthorized by Kramer Electronics to make such repairs, or any other cause which does not relate directly to a defect in materials and/or workmanship of this product. This limited warranty does not cover cartons, equipment enclosures, cables or accessories used in conjunction with this product.

Without limiting any other exclusion herein, Kramer Electronics does not warrant that the product covered hereby, including, without limitation, the technology and/or integrated circuit(s) included in the product, will not become obsolete or that such items are or will remain compatible with any other product or technology with which the product may be used.

How Long this Coverage Lasts

The standard limited warranty for Kramer products is seven (7) years from the date of original purchase, with the following exceptions:

- 1. All Kramer VIA hardware products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty for the VIA hardware and a standard three (3) year warranty for firmware and software updates; all Kramer VIA accessories, adapters, tags, and dongles are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty.
- 2. Kramer fiber optic cables, adapter-size fiber optic extenders, pluggable optical modules, active cables, cable retractors, ring mounted adapters, portable power chargers, Kramer speakers, and Kramer touch panels are covered by a standard one (1) year warranty. Kramer 7-inch touch panels purchased on or after April 1st, 2020 are covered by a standard two (2) year warranty.
- 3. All Kramer Calibre products, all Kramer Minicom digital signage products, all HighSecLabs products, all streaming, and all wireless products are covered by a standard three (3) year warranty.
- 4. All Sierra Video MultiViewers are covered by a standard five (5) year warranty.
- 5. Sierra switchers & control panels are covered by a standard seven (7) year warranty (excluding power supplies and fans that are covered for three (3) years).
- 6. K-Touch software is covered by a standard one (1) year warranty for software updates.
- 7. All Kramer passive cables are covered by a lifetime warranty.

Who is Covered

Only the original purchaser of this product is covered under this limited warranty. This limited warranty is not transferable to subsequent purchasers or owners of this product.

What Kramer Electronics Will Do

Kramer Electronics will, at its sole option, provide one of the following three remedies to whatever extent it shall deem necessary to satisfy a proper claim under this limited warranty:

- Elect to repair or facilitate the repair of any defective parts within a reasonable period of time, free of any charge for the necessary parts and labor to complete the repair and restore this product to its proper operating condition. Kramer Electronics will also pay the shipping costs necessary to return this product once the repair is complete.
- Replace this product with a direct replacement or with a similar product deemed by Kramer Electronics to perform substantially the same function as the original product. If a direct or similar replacement product is supplied, the original product's end warranty date remains unchanged and is transferred to the replacement product.
- 3. Issue a refund of the original purchase price less depreciation to be determined based on the age of the product at the time remedy is sought under this limited warranty.

What Kramer Electronics Will Not Do Under This Limited Warranty

If this product is returned to Kramer Electronics or the authorized dealer from which it was purchased or any other party authorized to repair Kramer Electronics products, this product must be insured during shipment, with the insurance and shipping charges prepaid by you. If this product is returned uninsured, you assume all risks of loss or damage during shipment. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any costs related to the removal or re-installation of this product from or into any installation. Kramer Electronics will not be responsible for any setting up this product, any adjustment of user controls or any programming required for a specific installation of this product.

How to Obtain a Remedy Under This Limited Warranty

To obtain a remedy under this limited warranty, you must contact either the authorized Kramer Electronics reseller from whom you purchased this product or the Kramer Electronics office nearest you. For a list of authorized Kramer Electronics resellers and/or Kramer Electronics authorized service providers, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact the Kramer Electronics office nearest you.

In order to pursue any remedy under this limited warranty, you must possess an original, dated receipt as proof of purchase from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If this product is returned under this limited warranty, a return authorization number, obtained from Kramer Electronics, will be required (RMA number). You may also be directed to an authorized reseller or a person authorized by Kramer Electronics to repair the product.

If it is decided that this product should be returned directly to Kramer Electronics, this product should be properly packed, preferably in the original carton, for shipping. Cartons not bearing a return authorization number will be refused.

Limitation of Liability

THE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF KRAMER ELECTRONICS UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL NOT EXCEED THE ACTUAL PURCHASE PRICE PAID FOR THE PRODUCT. TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, KRAMER ELECTRONICS IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY BREACH OF WARRANTY OR CONDITION, OR UNDER ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY. Some countries, districts or states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of relief, special, incidental, consequential or indirect damages, or the limitation of liability to specified amounts, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you.

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Other Conditions

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may have other rights which vary from country to country or state to state.

This limited warranty is void if (i) the label bearing the serial number of this product has been removed or defaced, (ii) the product is not distributed by Kramer Electronics or (iii) this product is not purchased from an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller. If you are unsure whether a reseller is an authorized Kramer Electronics reseller, visit our web site at www.kramerav.com or contact a Kramer Electronics office from the list at the end of this document.

Your rights under this limited warranty are not diminished if you do not complete and return the product registration form or complete and submit the online product registration form. Kramer Electronics thanks you for purchasing a Kramer Electronics product. We hope it will give you years of satisfaction.









P/N: 2900-301609





SAFETY WARNING

Disconnect the unit from the power supply before opening and servicing

For the latest information on our products and a list of Kramer distributors, visit our website where updates to this user manual may be found.

We welcome your questions, comments, and feedback.

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